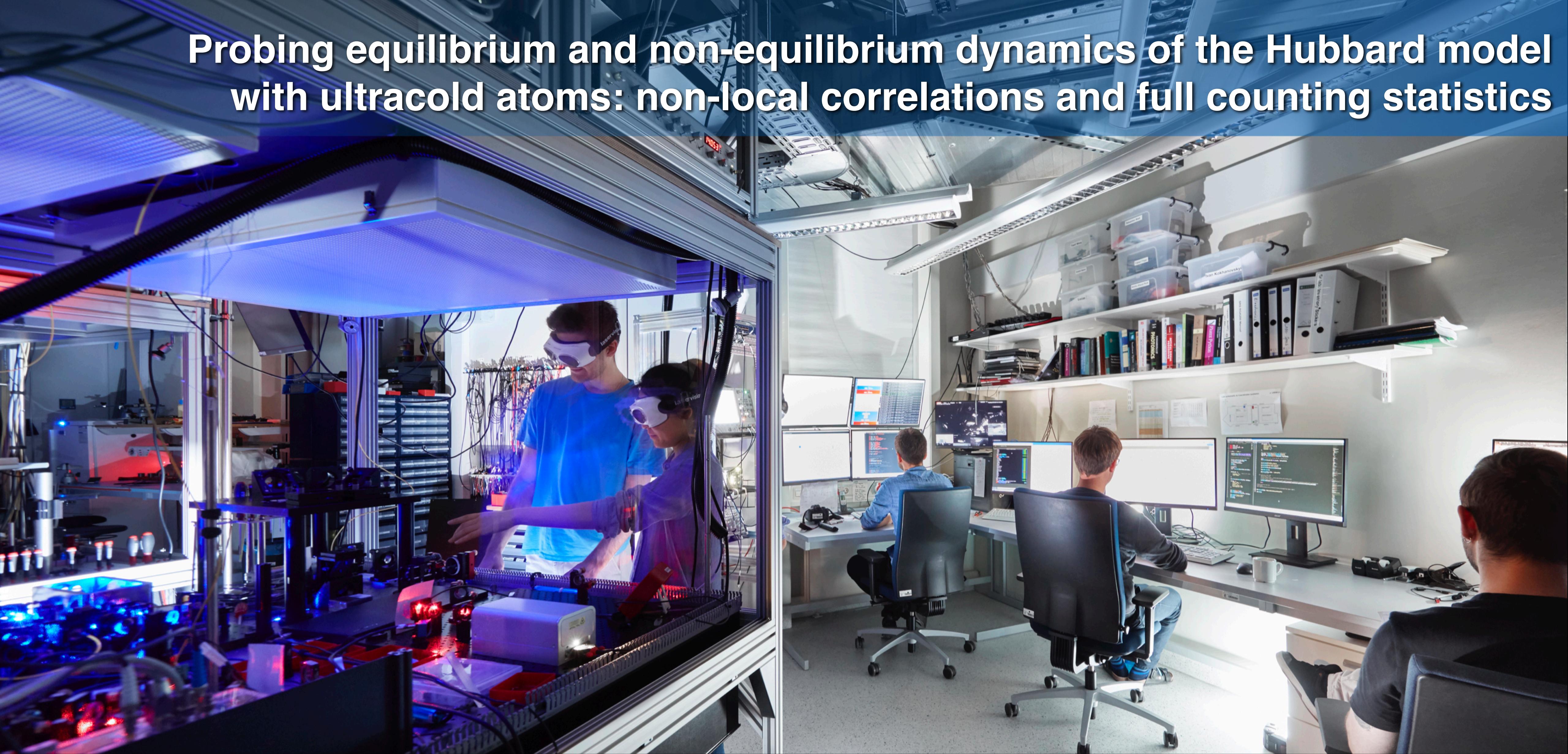


# Probing equilibrium and non-equilibrium dynamics of the Hubbard model with ultracold atoms: non-local correlations and full counting statistics

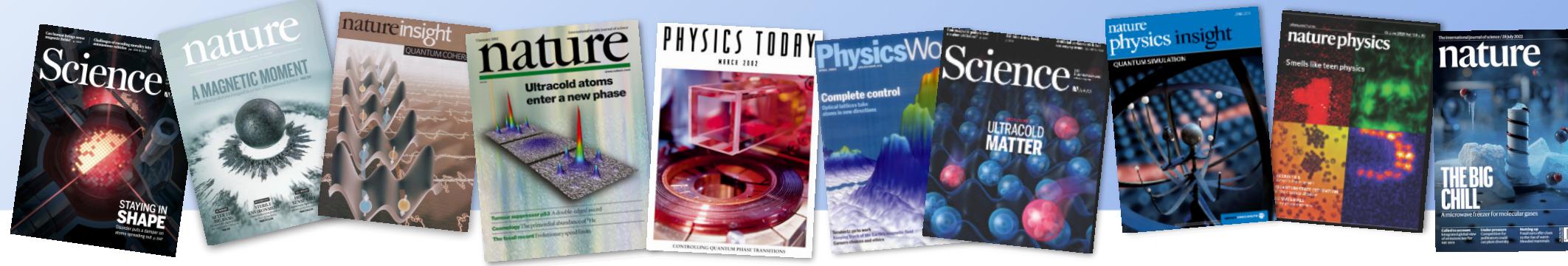


I.B. 13 June 2023

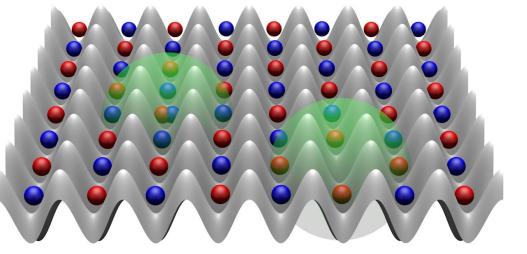
Precision Many-Body Physics CdF/Paris



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung

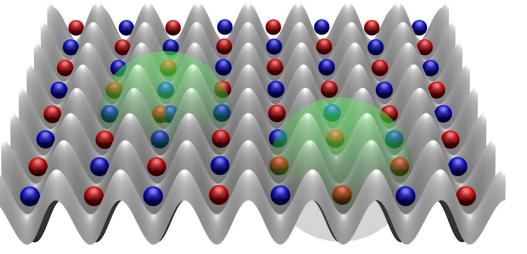


# Applications in Many-Body Physics



0

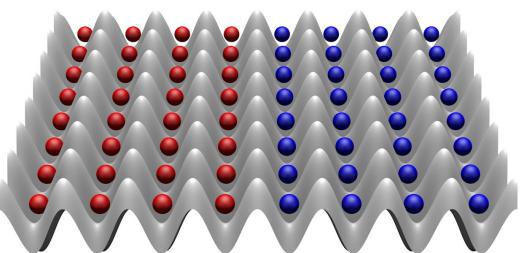
## State Preparation/Engineering and Detection



1

## Strongly Correlated Electron Physics

Spin-Charge Separation, Hidden Order, Incommensurate Magnetism, Polarons, Strange Metals, Hole Pairing,...



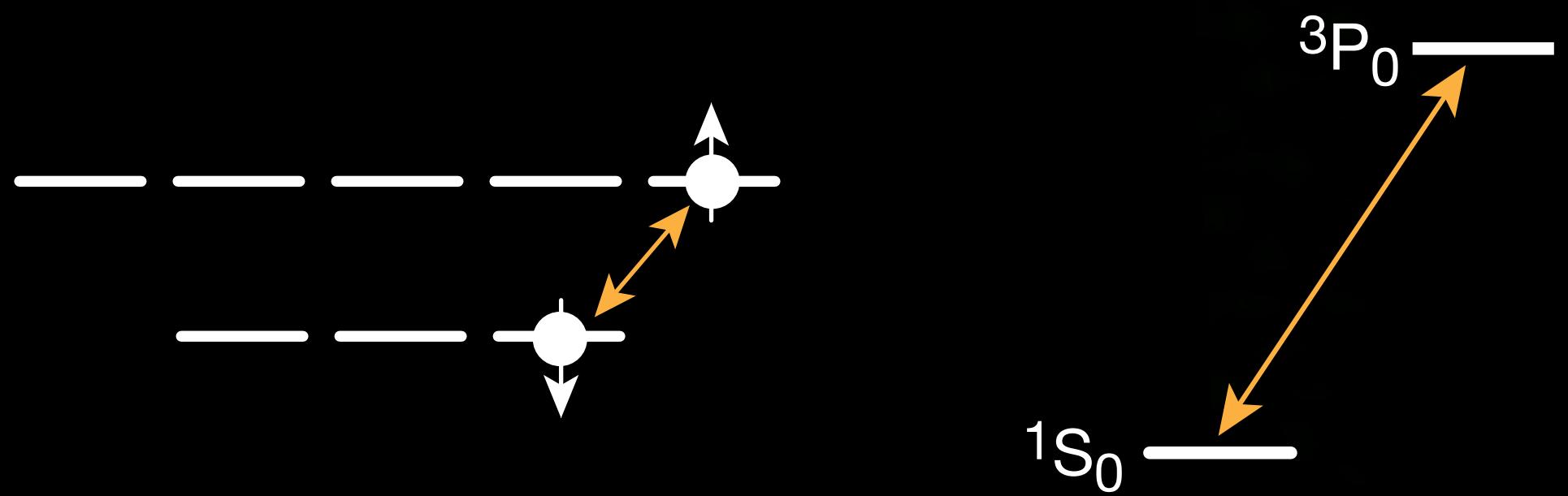
2

## Nonequilibrium Dynamics - Counting Atoms one-by-one

Fluctuation Hydrodynamics

# Particles: Fermions, Bosons, Mixtures

## Spin degree of freedom:

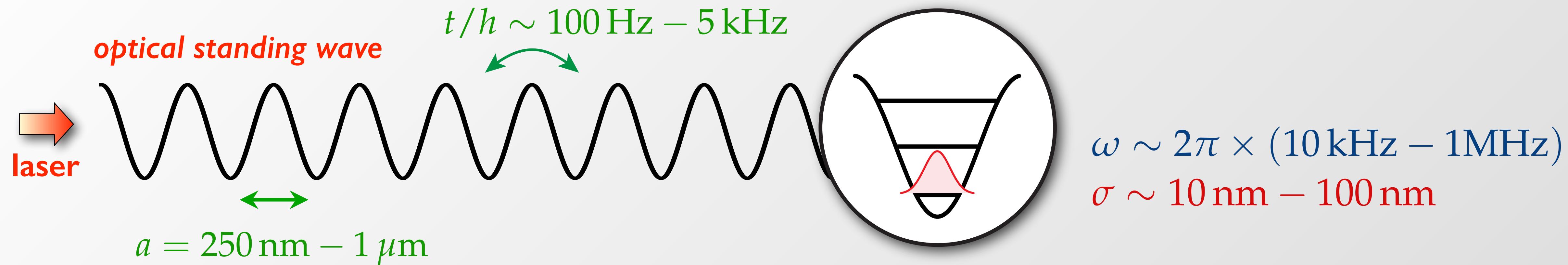


Hyperfine  
(Microwave)

Clock  
(Optical)

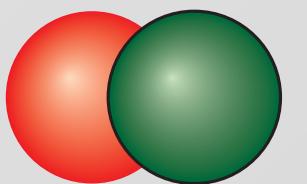
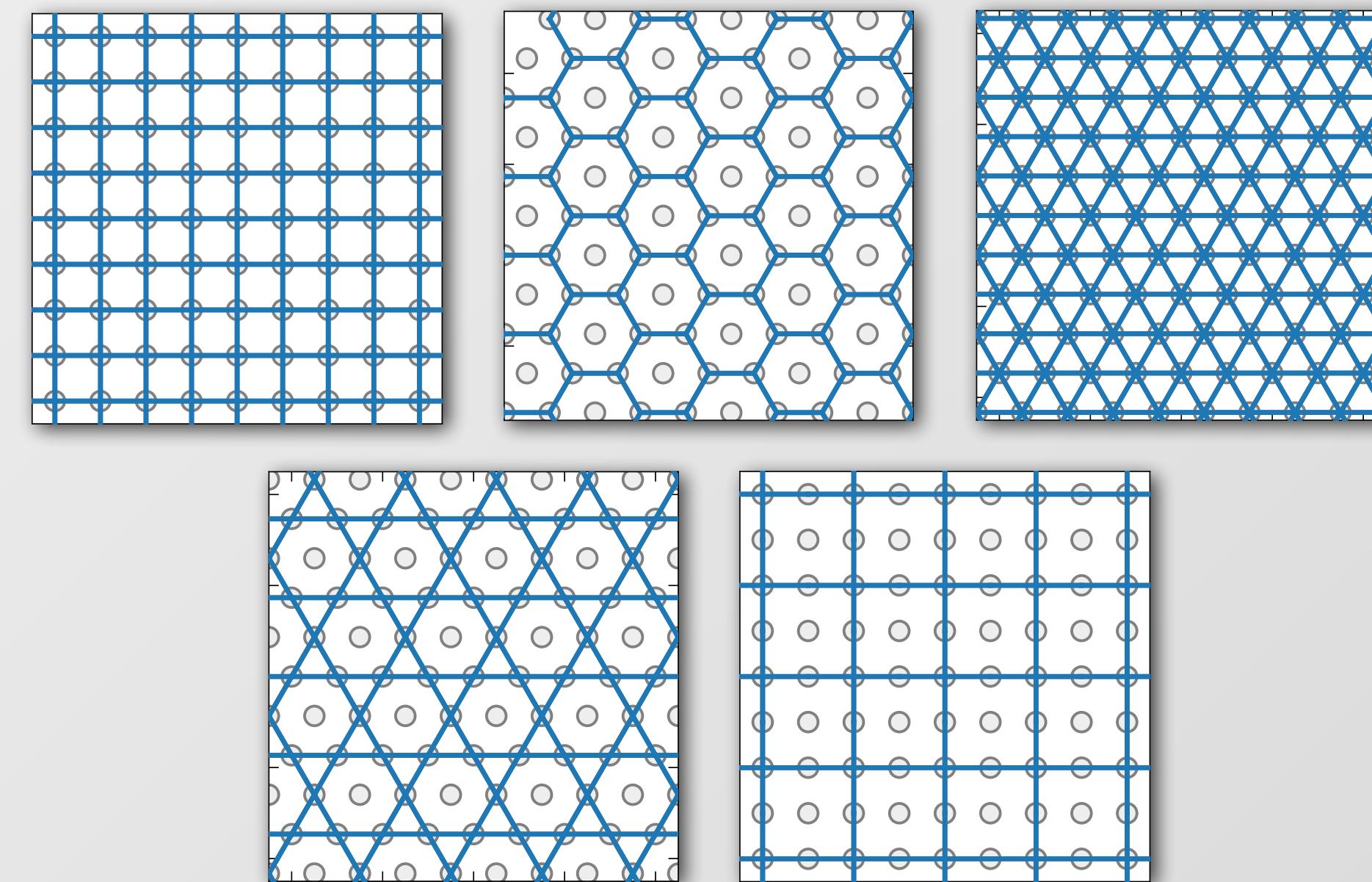
**System size:** up to few thousands of particles

**Mobility:** itinerant or static



### Fourier synthesize arbitrary lattices:

- Square
- Hexagonal/Triangular/Brick Wall
- Kagomé
- Superlattices
- *Spin dependent lattices*
- *Flux Lattices*
- ...

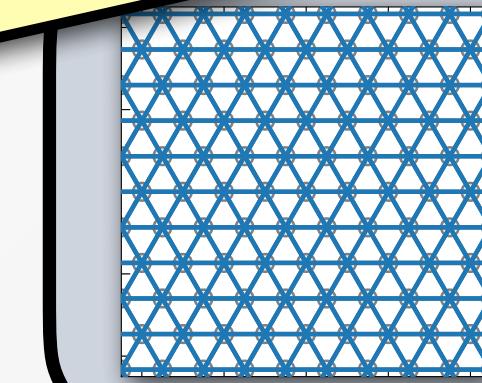


**Collisional**  
(onsite few kHz)

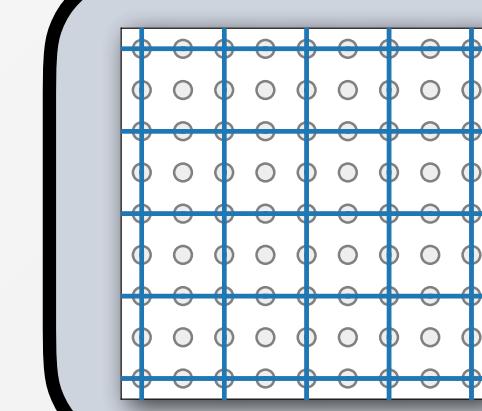
**Full dynamical control over lattice depth, geometry, dimensionality!**



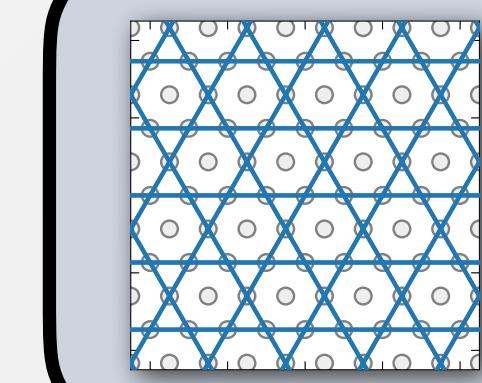
**Derived from a single optical lattice setup!**  
(with passive phase stability)



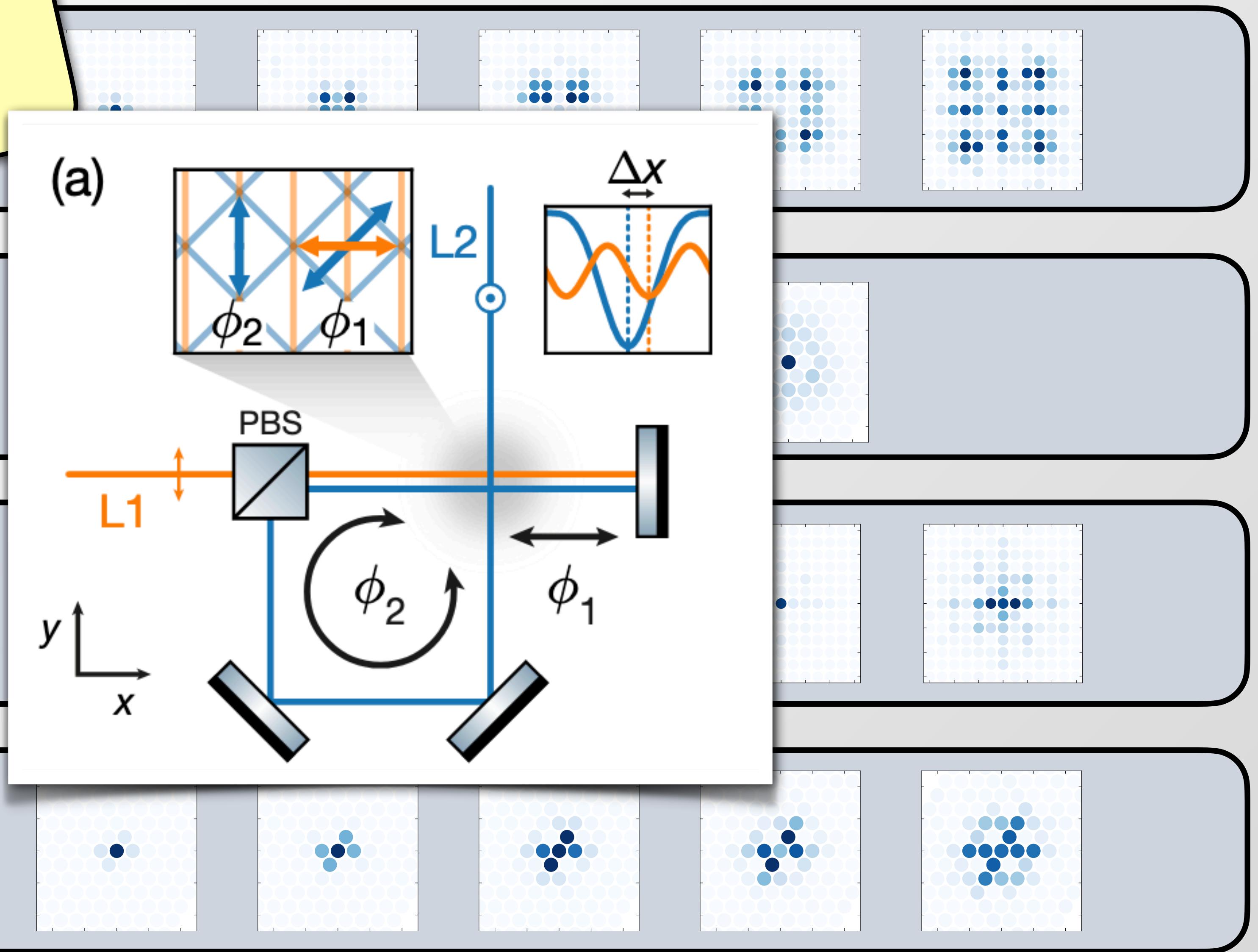
Triangular

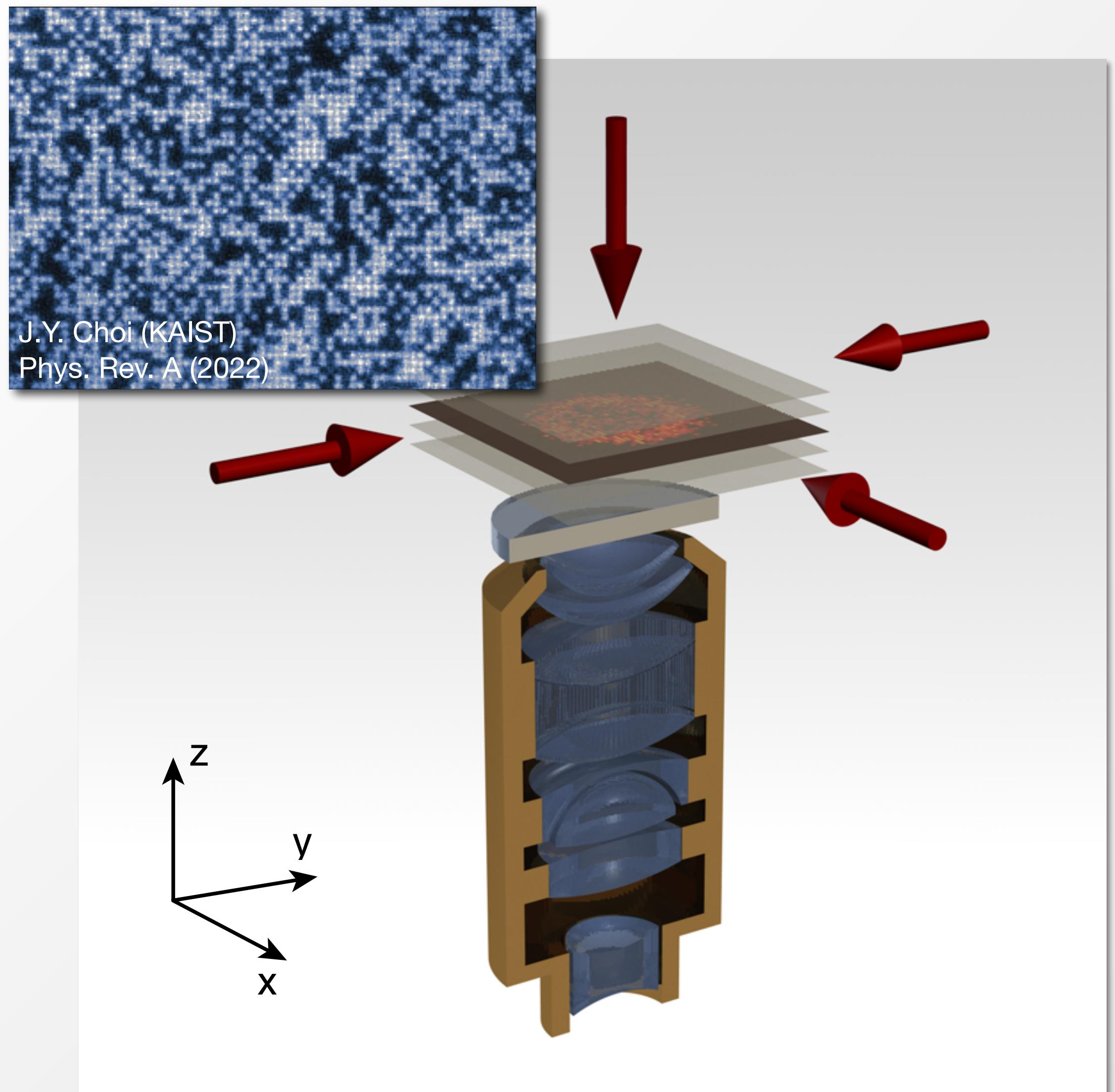


Lieb

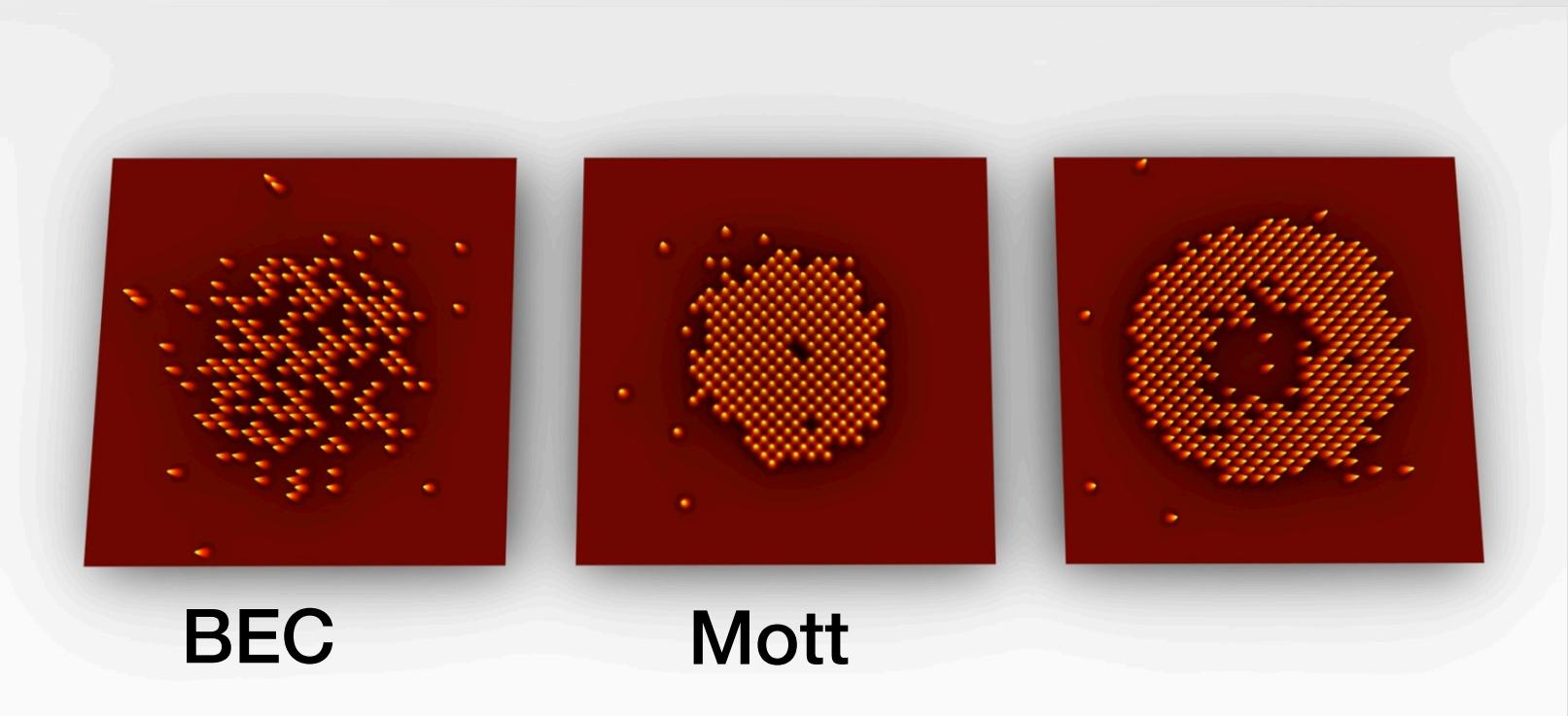


Kagomé

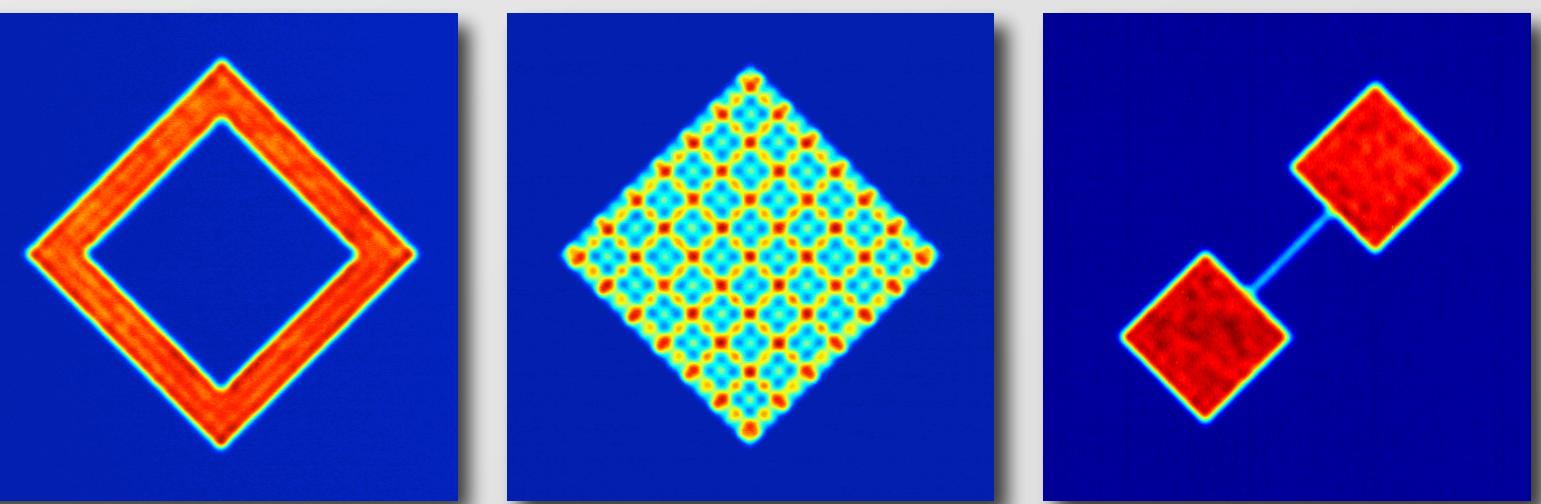




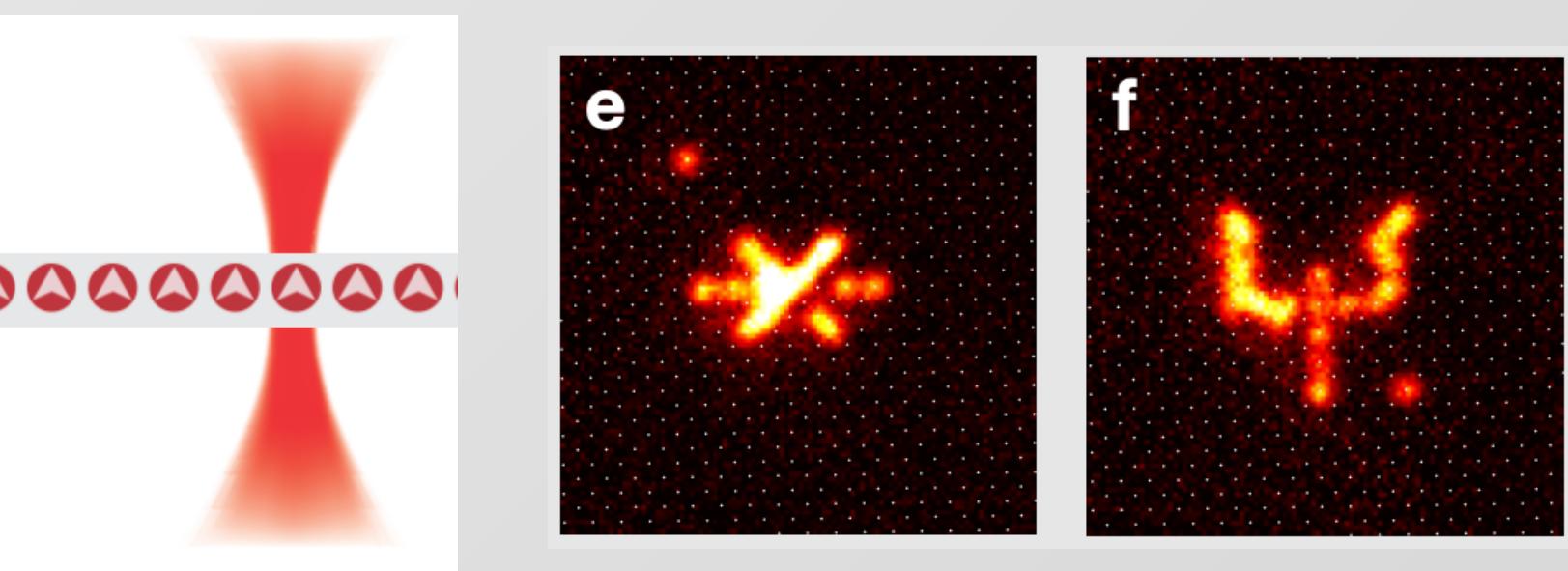
## Single atom detection



## Potential Engineering



## Single Atom Addressing

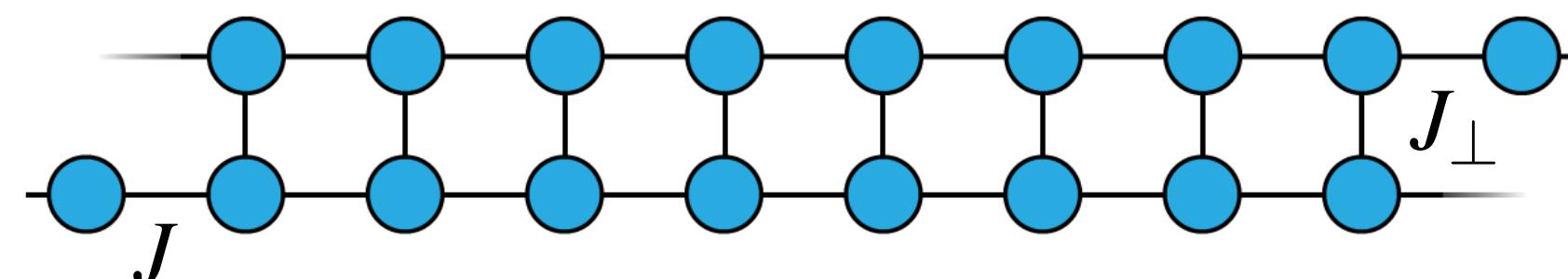


W. Bakr et al., Science (2010) & J. Sherson et al., Nature (2010)

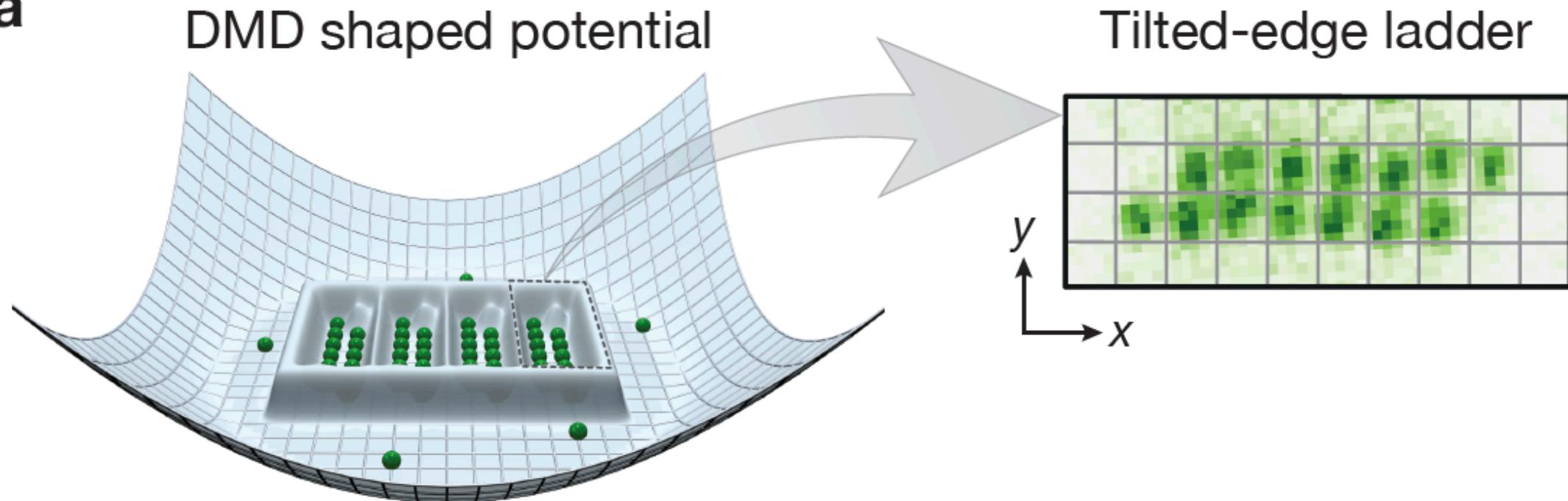
**Addressing:** C. Weitenberg et al., Nature (2011)



## Quantum Ladders with flexible edge geometries (SPT Spin-1 Haldane Phase)



**a**  
DMD shaped potential

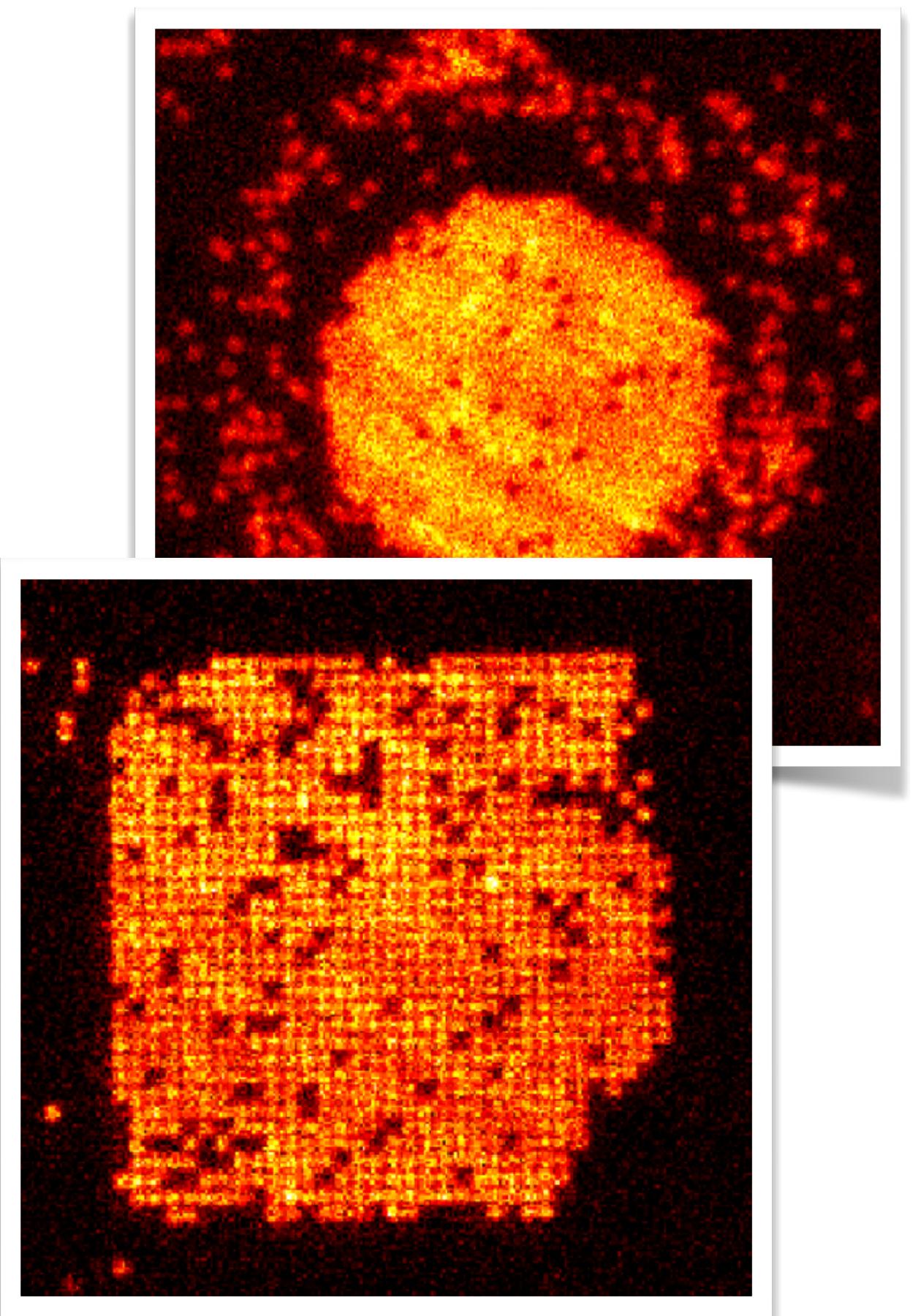


Fully tuneable coupling strengths  
+dimensionality +flux +frustration

P. Sompet et al. Nature **606**, 484 (2022)

Tweezer SPT: Léséluc et al. Science **365**, 6455 (2019)

## Large Homogeneous 2D Systems (2000-5000 atoms, filling 95-98%)



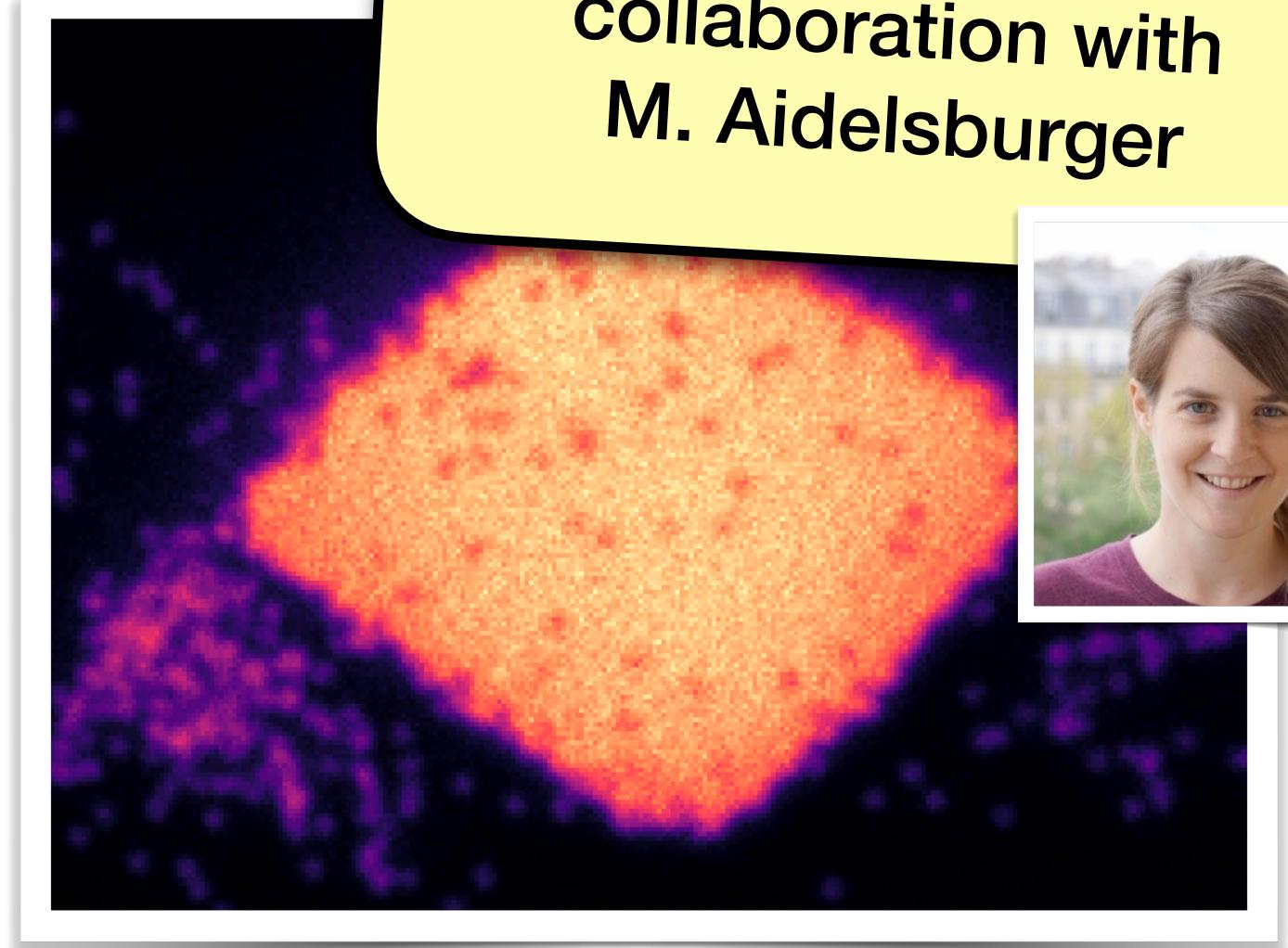
Rb Quantum Gas  
Microscope

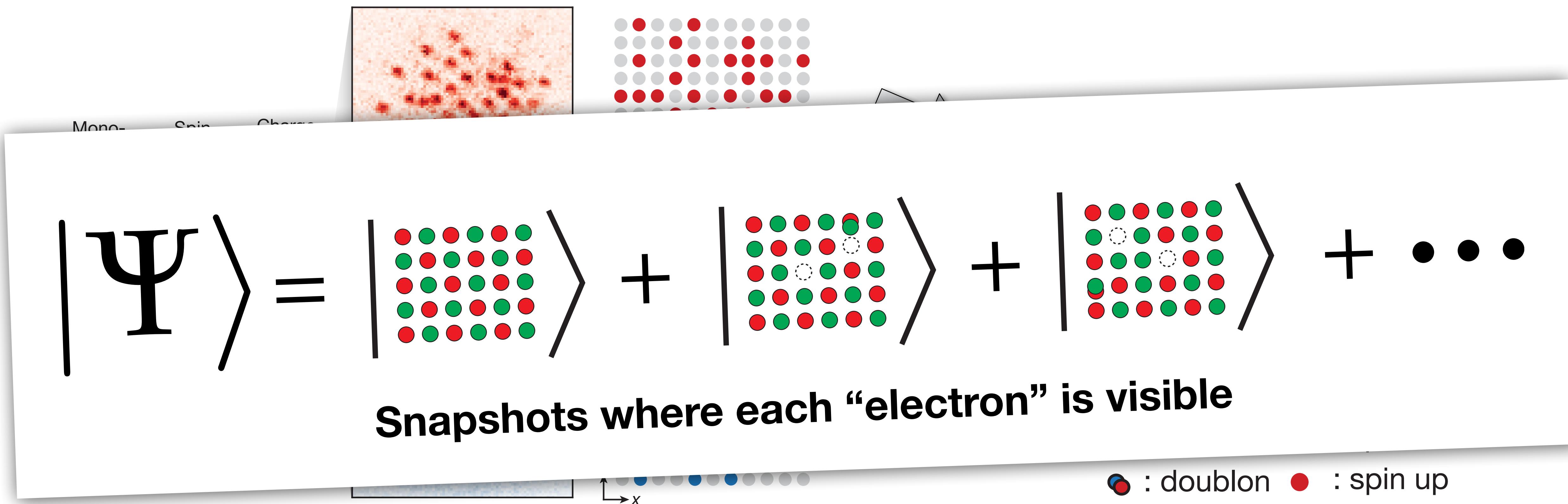
see also: C. Chiu et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. **120**, 243201 (2018)  
Idea: J.-S. Bernier et al. Phys. Rev. A **79**, 061601 (2009)  
T.-L. Ho & Q. Zhou arXiv:0911.5506

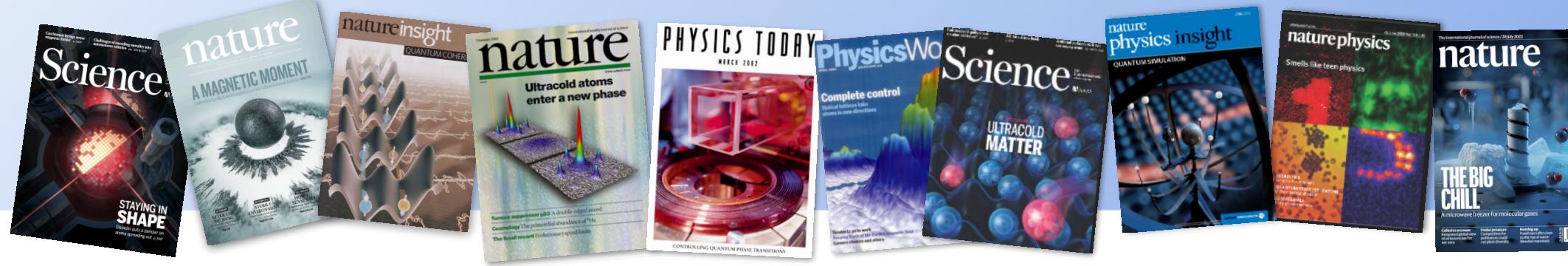
News Cs experiment in  
collaboration with  
M. Aidelsburger



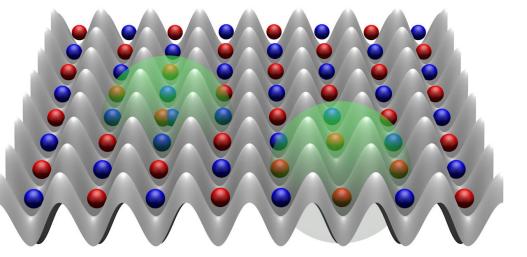
Cs Quantum Gas  
Microscope





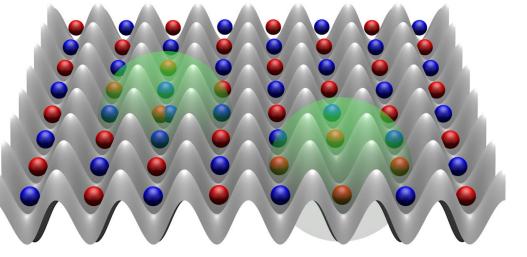


# Applications in Many-Body Physics



0

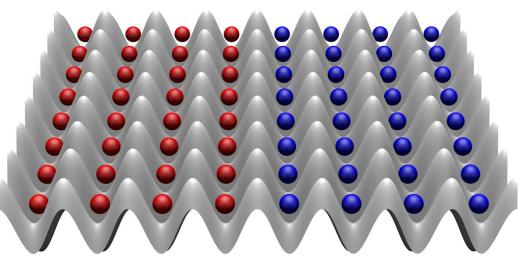
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1

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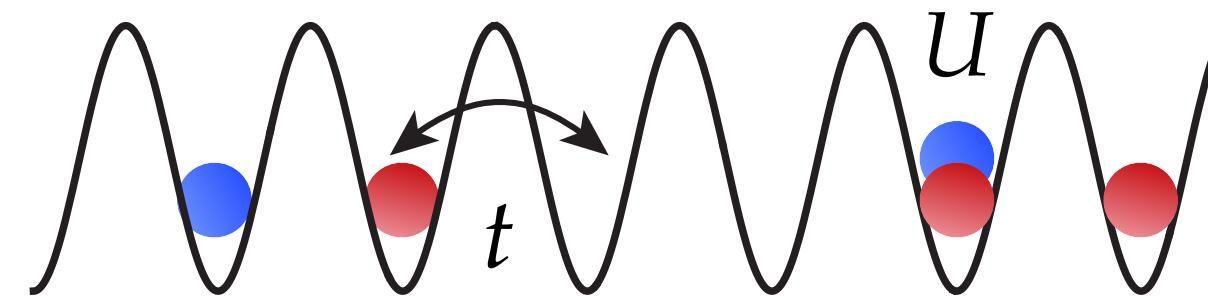


2

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Fluctuation Hydrodynamics

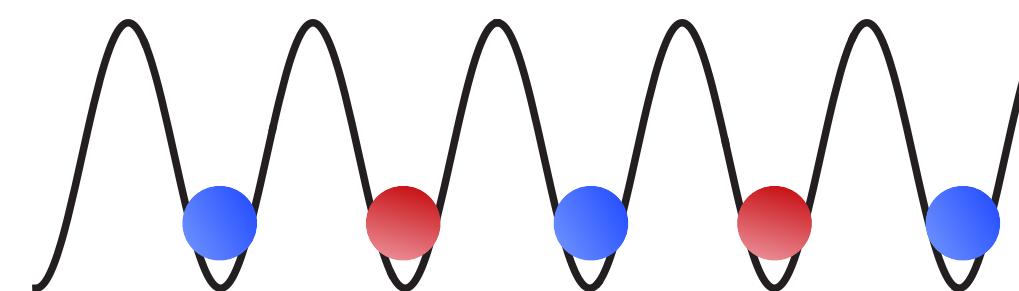
B. Keimer et al., Nature 518 2015

**Fermi-Hubbard Model**

$$\hat{H} = -t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle, \sigma} \hat{c}_{i,\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{j,\sigma} + U \sum_i \hat{n}_{i,\uparrow} \hat{n}_{i,\downarrow}$$

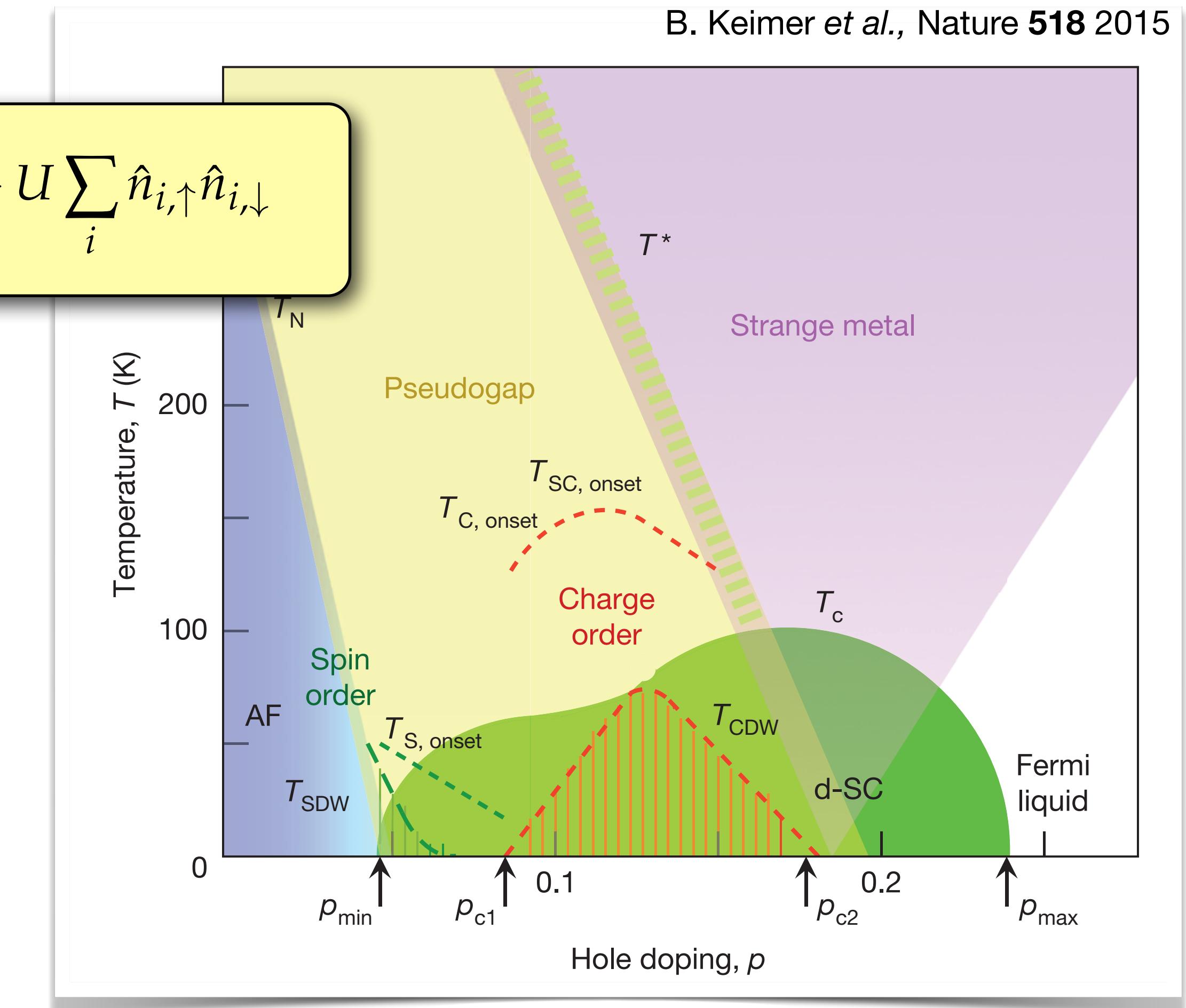
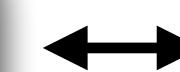
**AFM Heisenberg Model**

Half filling &amp; strong interaction

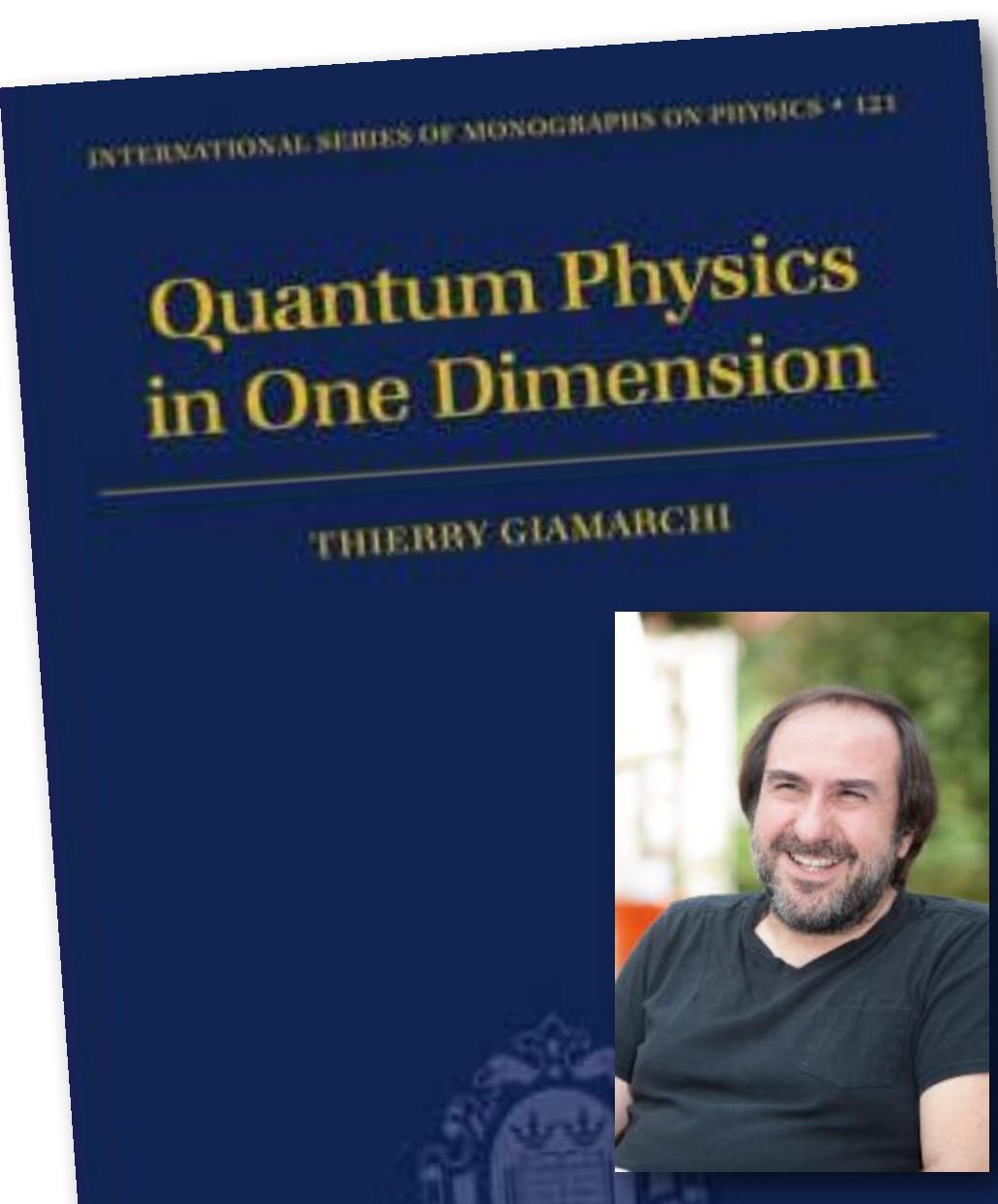
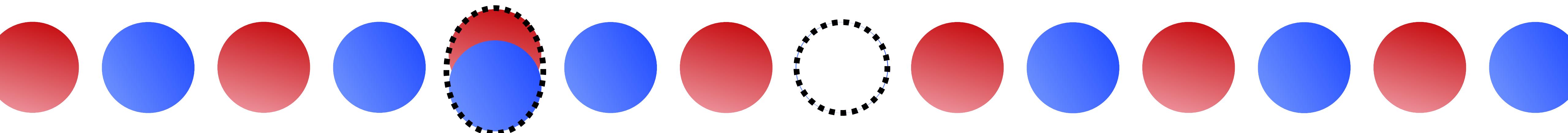


$$H = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \quad J = \frac{4t^2}{U}$$

Away from half filling:  **$t$ -J model**  
competition between

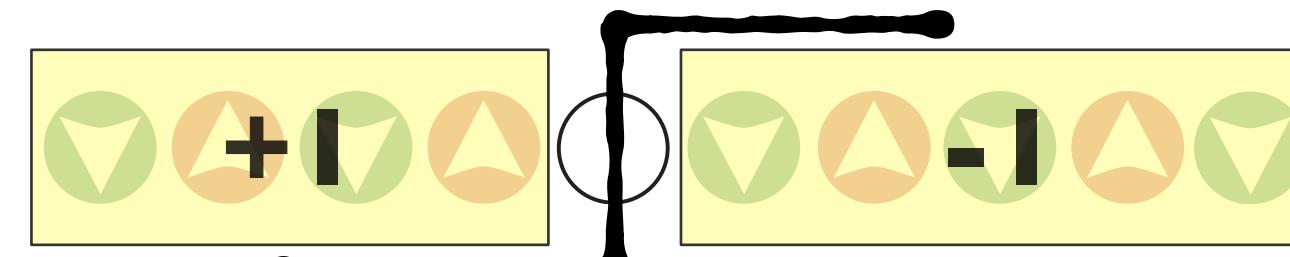
**hole delocalization****magnetic order**

# Doping in 1D Fermi Hubbard Model



1

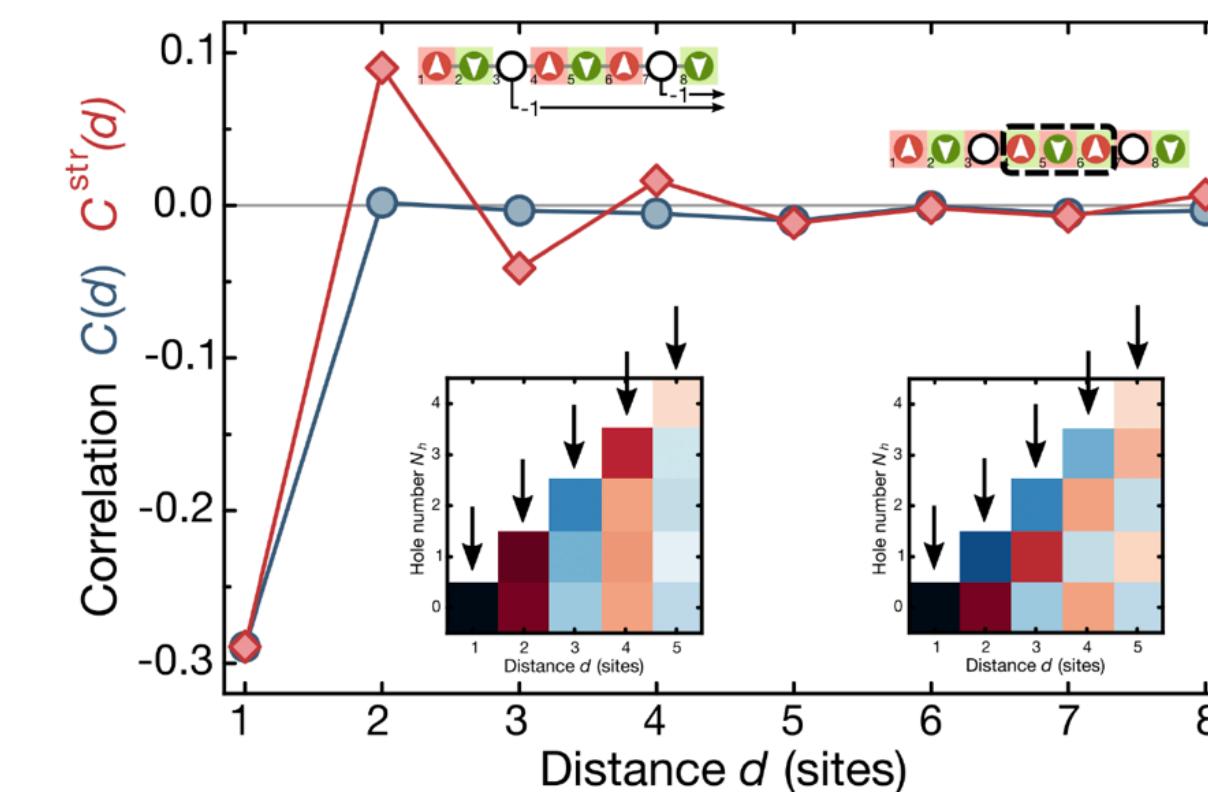
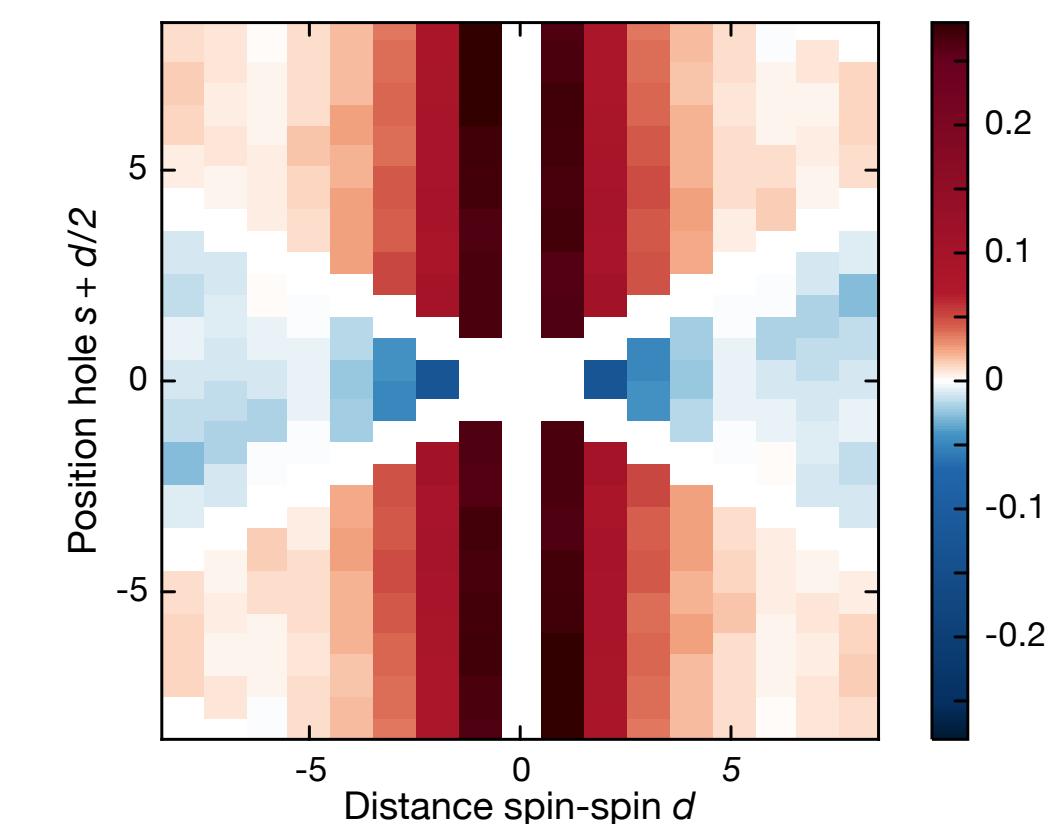
## Ground State Spin-Charge Separation



Holes form topological excitations &  
Hidden Antiferromagnetic Correlations  
(Non-local string correlations)

F. Woynarovich J. Phys. C (1982)

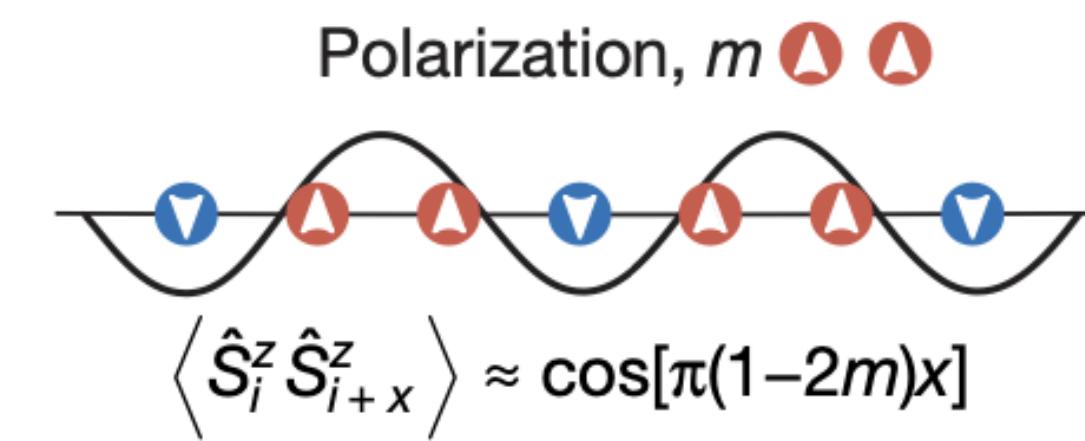
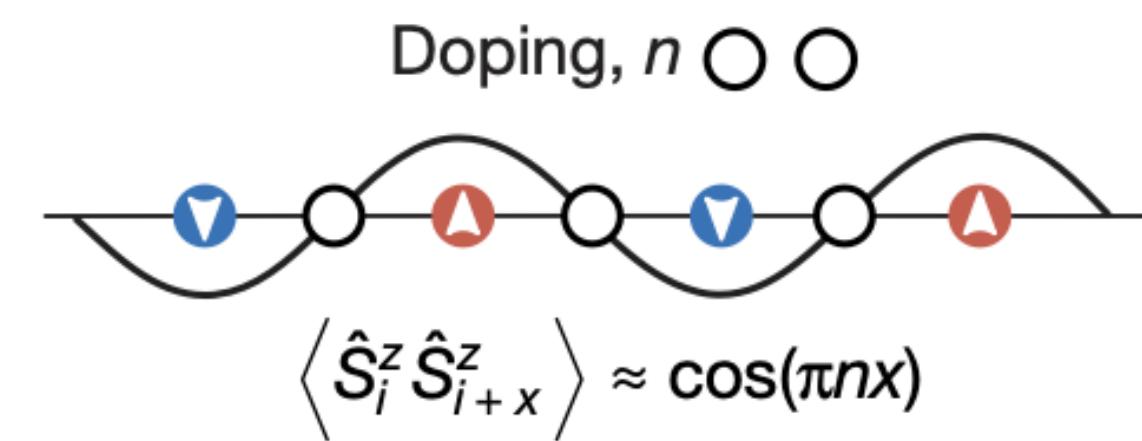
M. Ogata & H. Shiba Phys. Rev. B (1990)



T. Hilker et al.  
Science 357,  
484 (2017)

## Incommensurate AFM

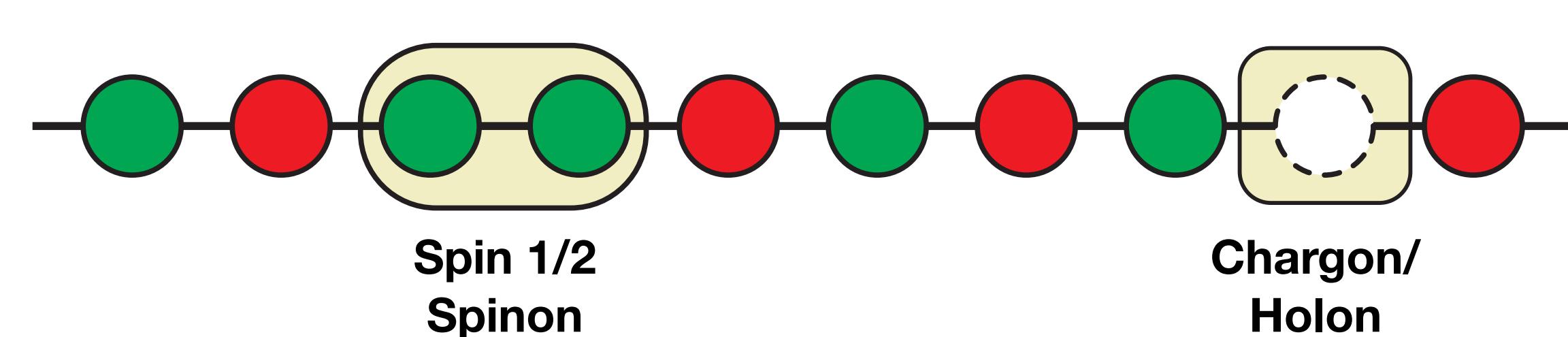
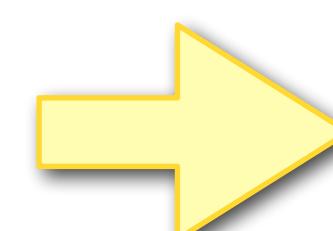
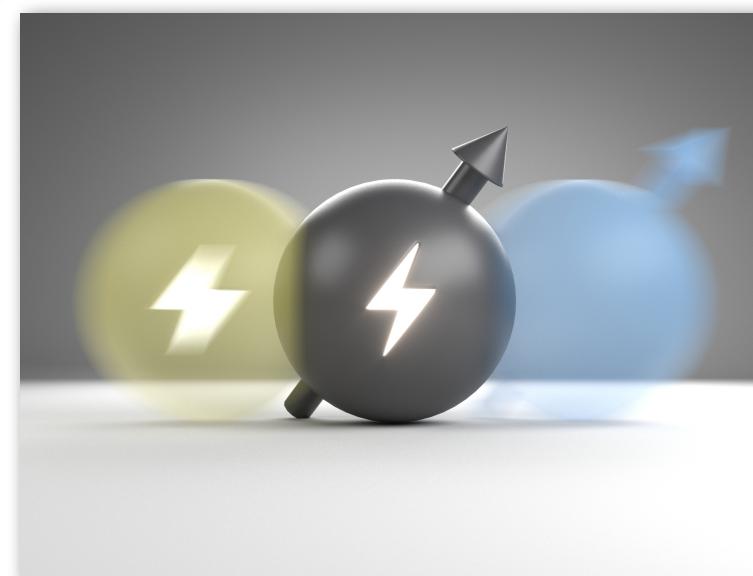
F.D.M. Haldane J. Phys. C: Solid State Phys. (1981)



G. Salomon et al.  
Nature 565, 56 (2019)

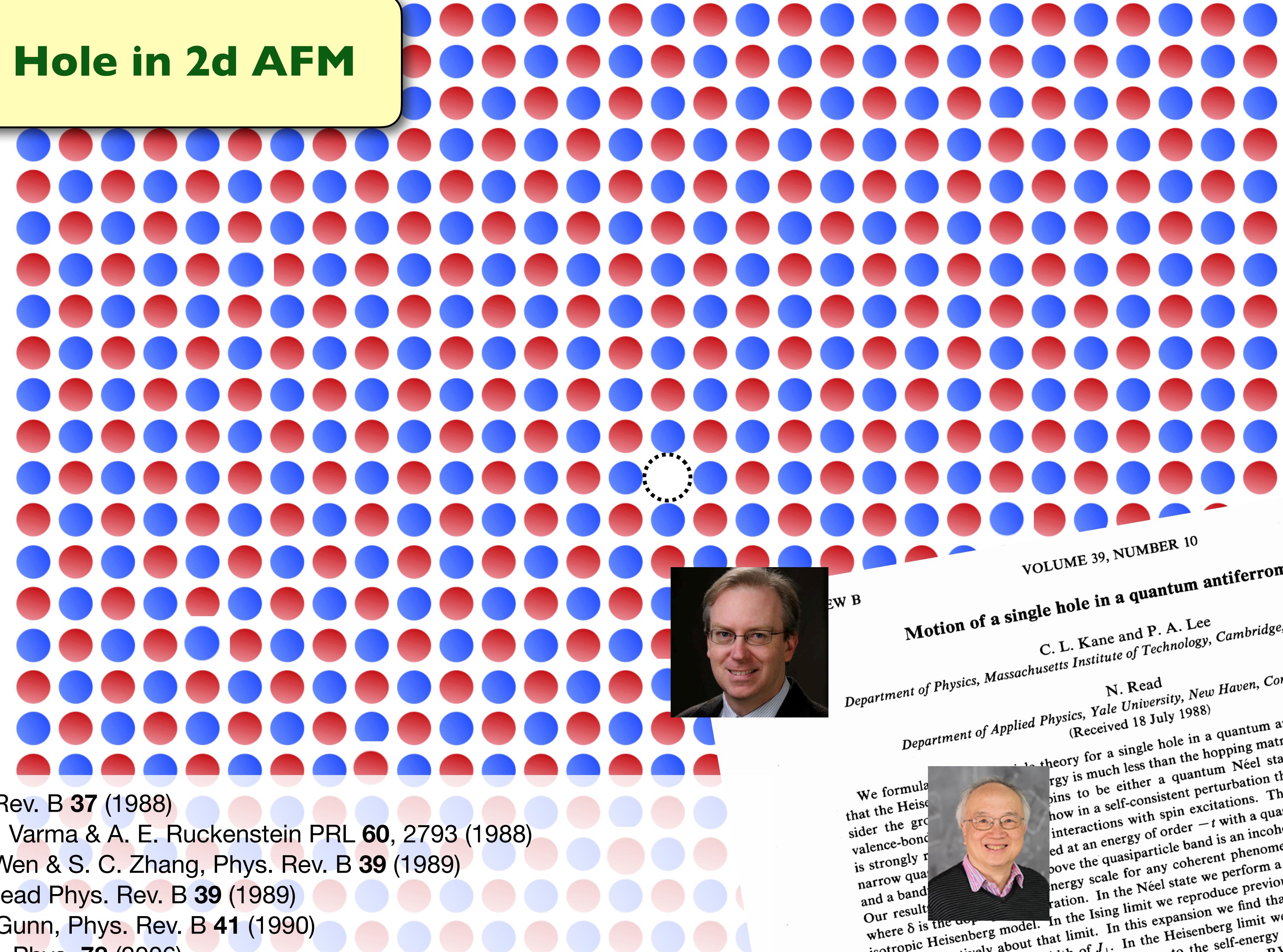
2

## Dynamical Spin-Charge Fractionalization



J. Vijayan et al.  
Science 367, 186–189 (2020)

# Single Hole in 2d AFM



S. A. Trugman, Phys. Rev. B 37 (1988)

S. Schmitt-Rink, C. M. Varma & A. E. Ruckenstein PRL 60, 2793 (1988)

J. R. Schrieffer, X. G. Wen & S. C. Zhang, Phys. Rev. B 39 (1989)

C. Kane, P. Lee & N. Read Phys. Rev. B 39 (1989)

B.D. Simons & J.M.F. Gunn, Phys. Rev. B 41 (1990)

P. Lee *et al.*, Rev. Mod. Phys. 78 (2006)

EW W

EW W

VOLUME 39, NUMBER 10

## of a single hole in a quantum

C. L. Kane and P. A.  
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

N. Read  
t of Applied Physics, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.  
(Received 18 July 1949)

(Received 10 January 1964)

The theory for a single hole in a metal predicts that the energy required to remove an electron from the metal is much less than the energy required to remove either a quan-

A black and white portrait of David J. Thouless, an elderly man with glasses and a beard, looking slightly to the right.

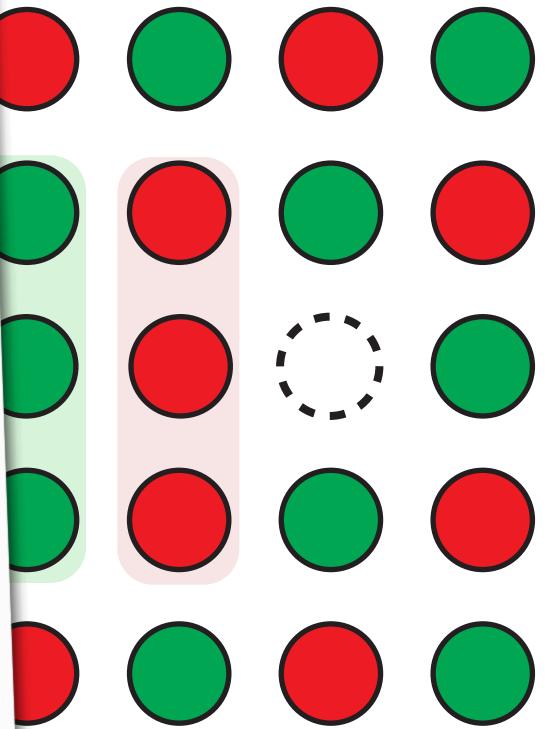
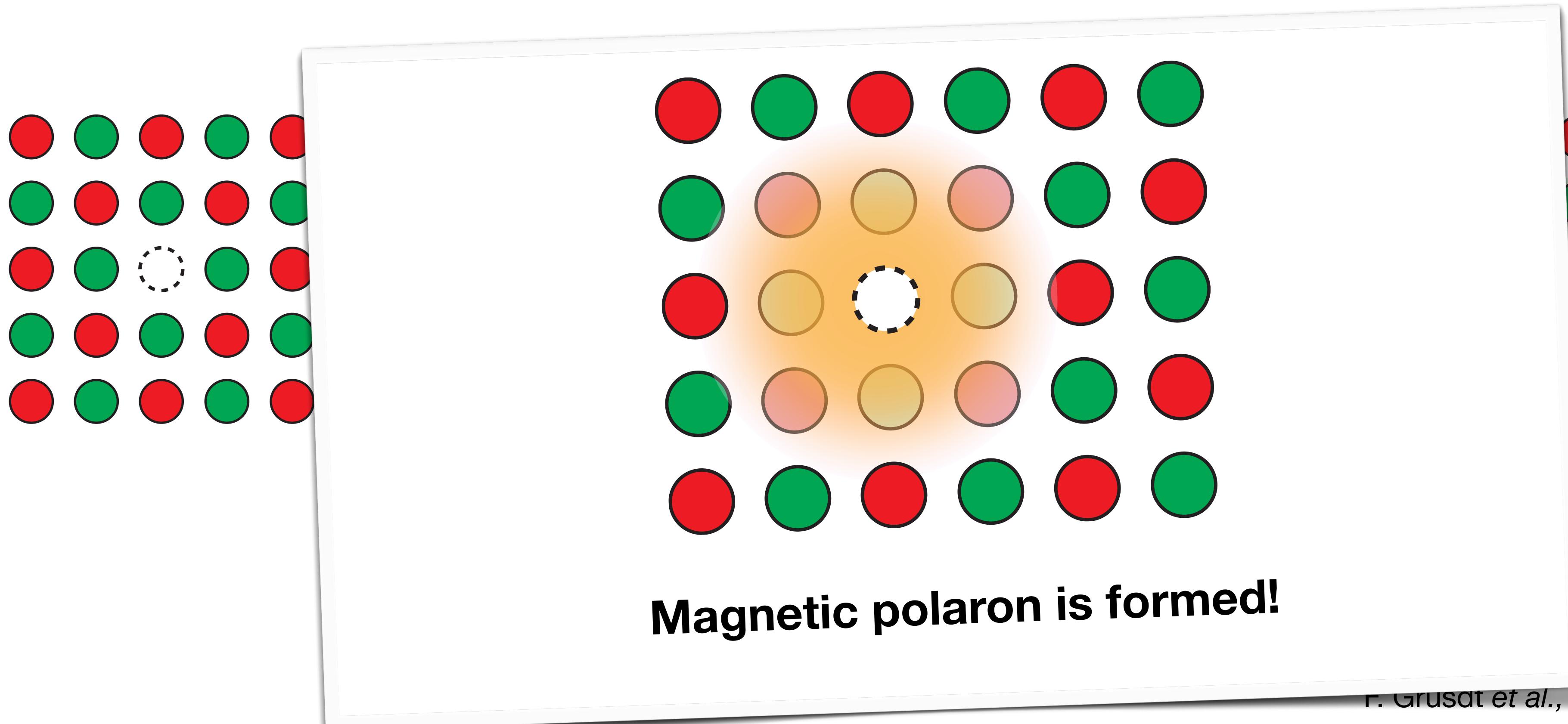
pins to be either up or down, how in a self-consistent way interactions with spin

ed at an energy of 3 above the quasiparticle energy scale for any coh Néel state

In the Ising limit we represent the model by a Heisenberg model. In the Neel state limit. In this expansion we find

and a bandwidth of  $J_1$ . In the Heisenberg model, which we ignore contributions to the energy from the magnetic field, the technique is used to study

**Holes cannot move freely in 2D - holon and spinon are bound**



aves frustrated bonds  
**CONFINEMENT!**  
olon form “Parton”

s Phys. Rev. B **42**, 4370 (1990)

F. Grusat et al., PRX **8**, 011046 (2018)

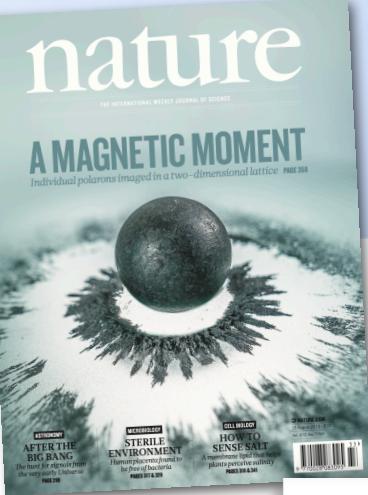
S. A. Trugman, Phys. Rev. B **37**, 1579 (1988)

J. R. Schrieffer, X. G. Wen & S. C. Zhang, Phys. Rev. B **39** (1989)

C. Kane, P. Lee & N. Read Phys. Rev. B **39**, (1989)

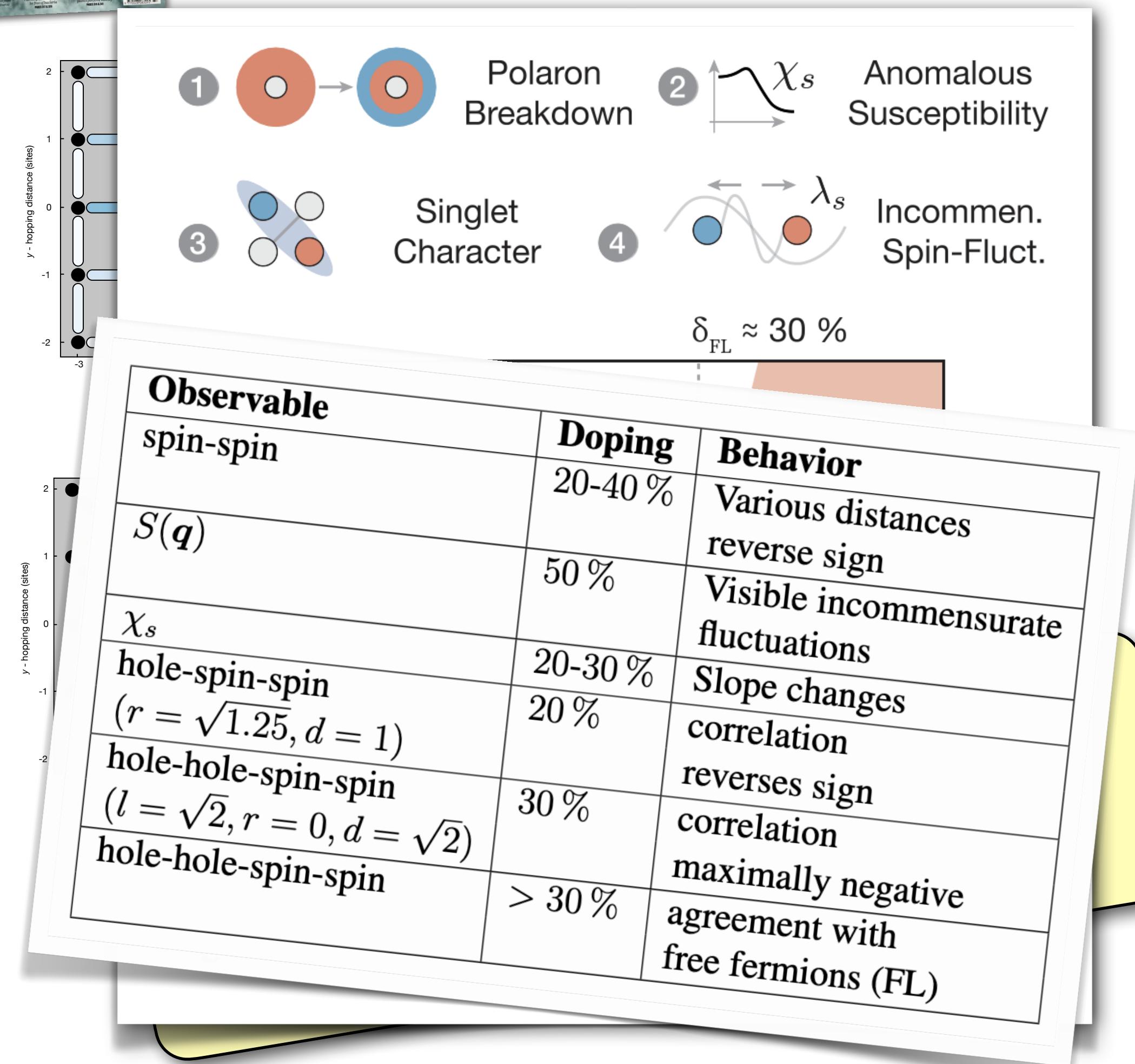
B. D. Simons and J. M. F. Gunn, Phys. Rev. B **41**, 7019 (1990)

P. Lee et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. **78** (2006)

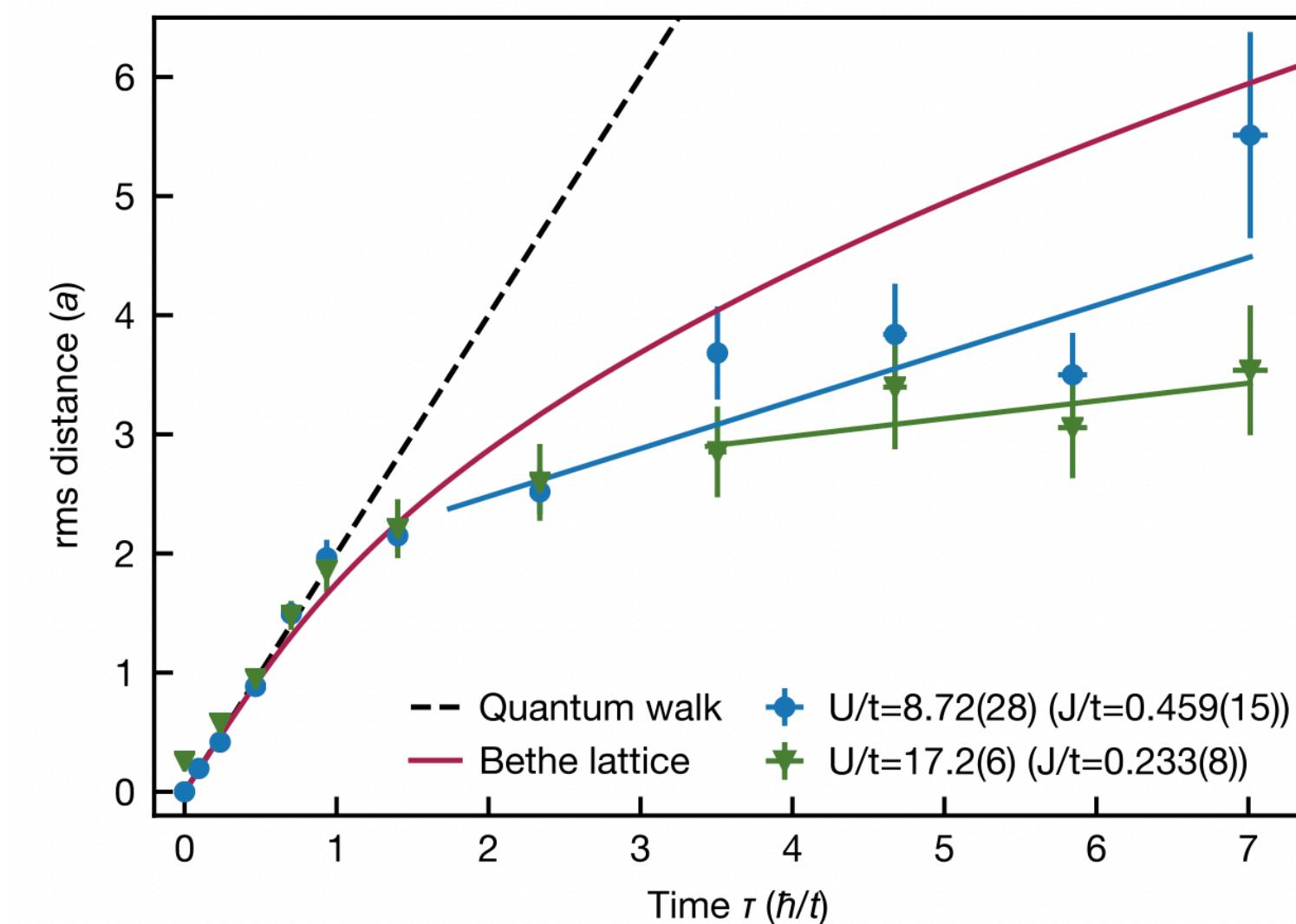
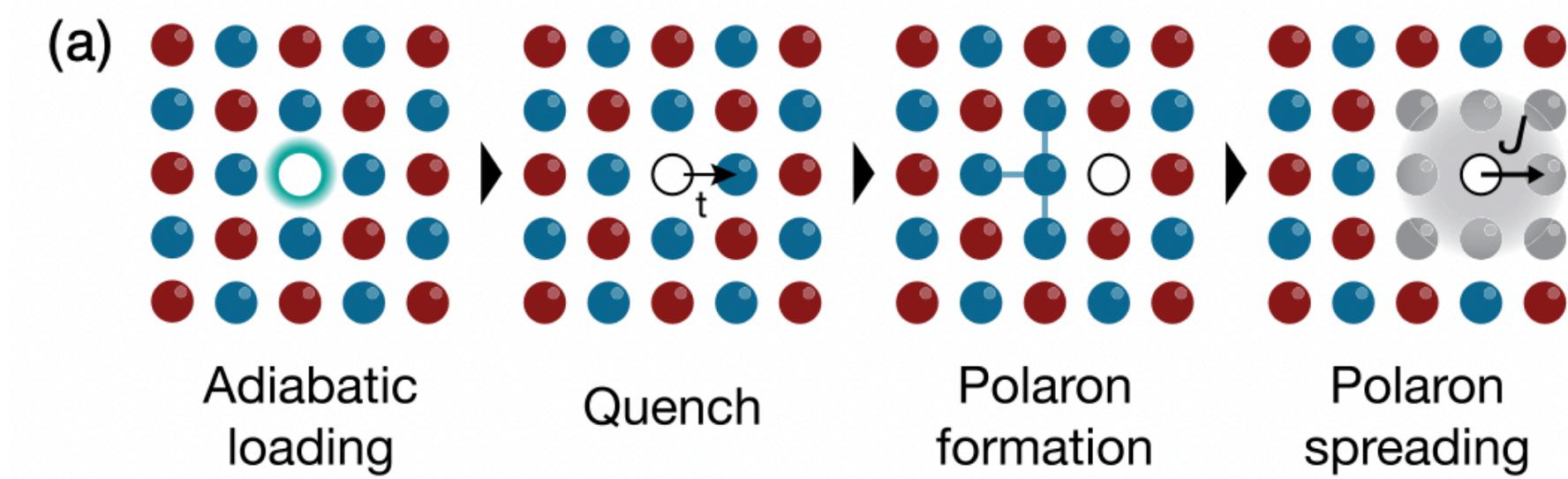


# Microscopic Polaron Image & Motion

## Static (Microscopic Picture)



## Dynamical evolution



J. Koepsell *et al.* Nature 572, 358 (2019) & J. Koepsell *et al.* 374, 82 (2021)

See also recent results on frustrated systems: Princeton & Harvard

related: detection of string patterns Ch. Chiu *et al.* Nature (2019)

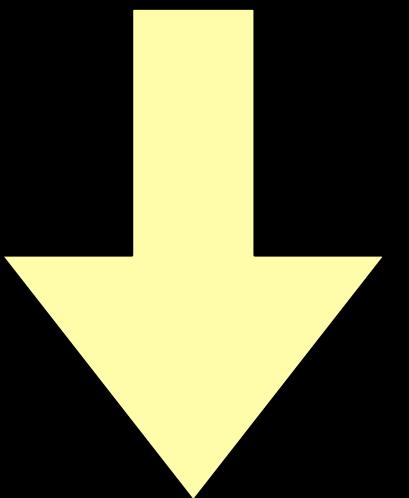
attractive U: T. Hartke *et al.* arXiv:2208.05948

G. Ji *et al.* PRX 11, 021022 (2021)

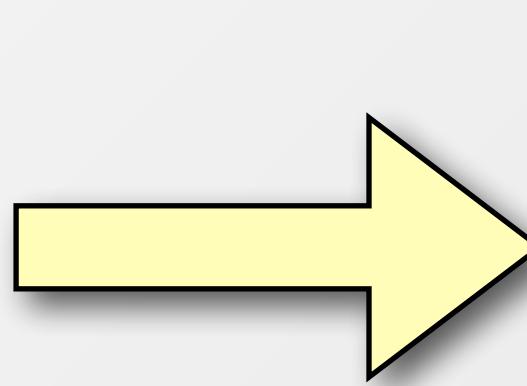
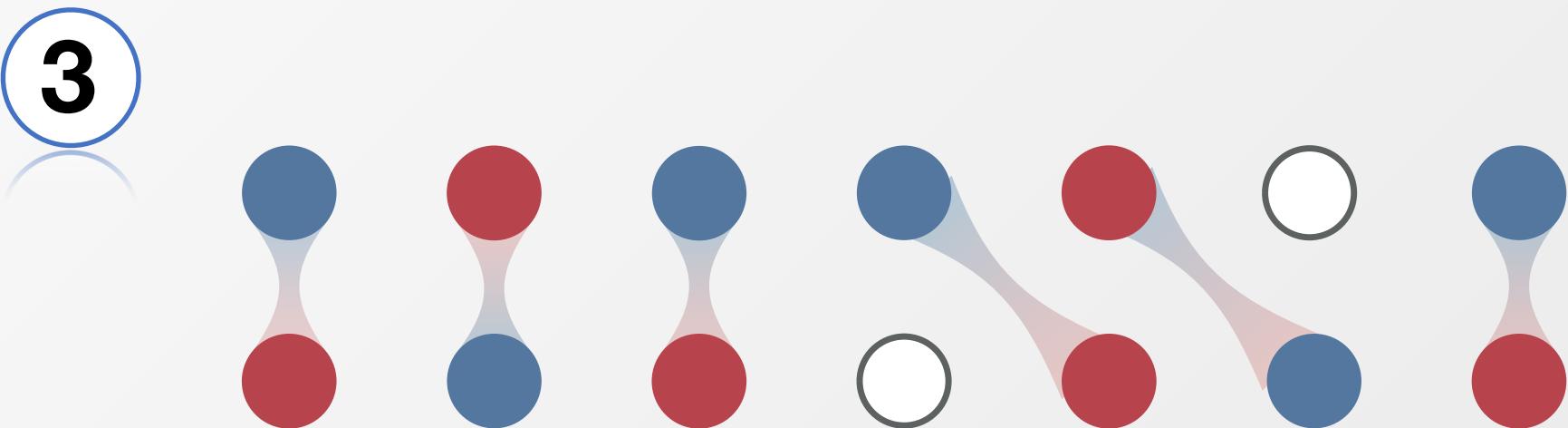
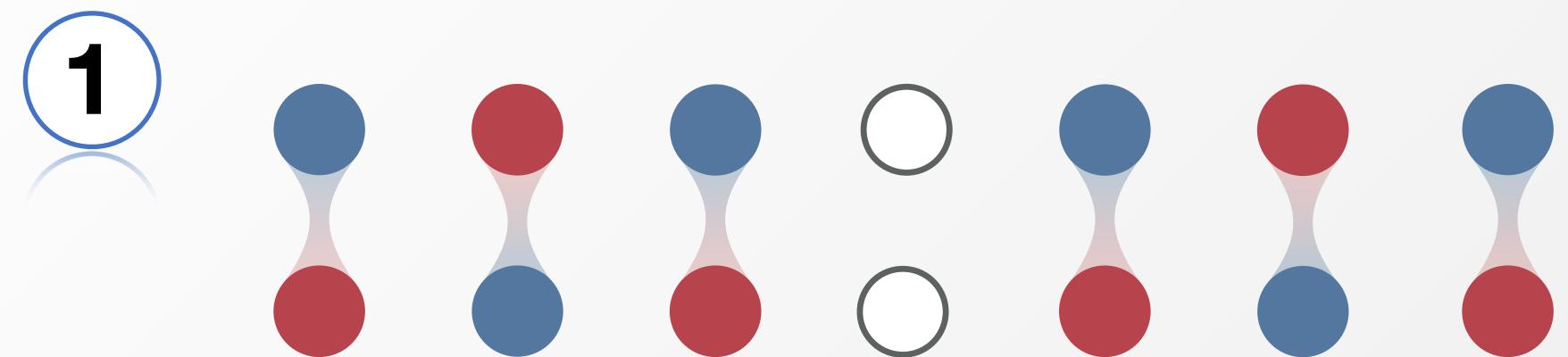
# High Temperature Hole Pairing in Fermi Hubbard Ladders

A. Bohrdt, L. Homeier, I.B., E. Demler & F. Grusdt *Nat. Phys.* **18**, 651 (2022)  
S. Hirthe et al. *Nature* **613**, 463–467 (2023)

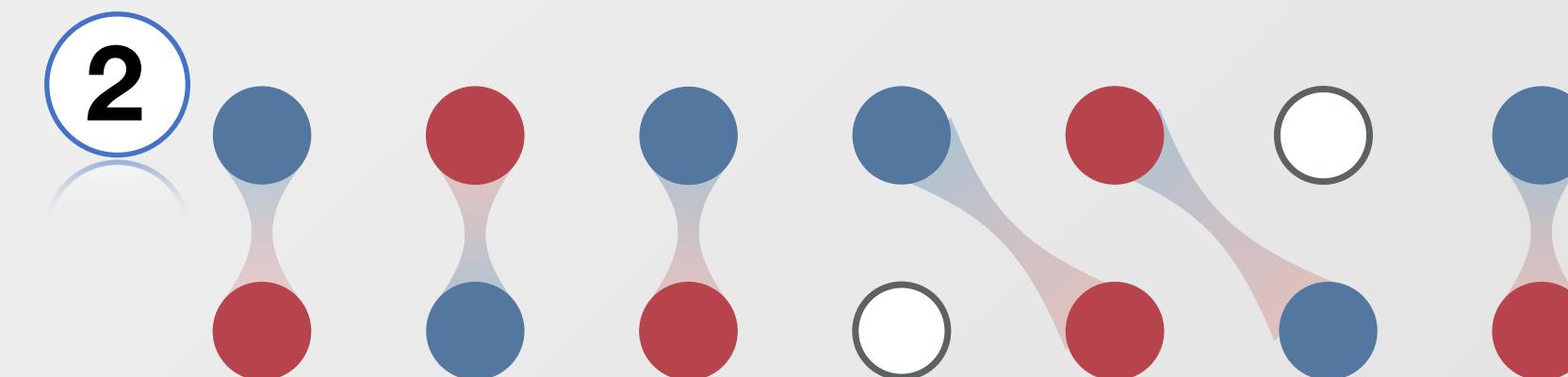
**How to bind with purely repulsive  
interactions?  
(non standard binding mechanism)**



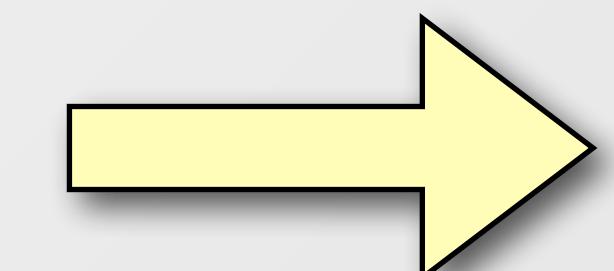
**via magnetic correlations!**



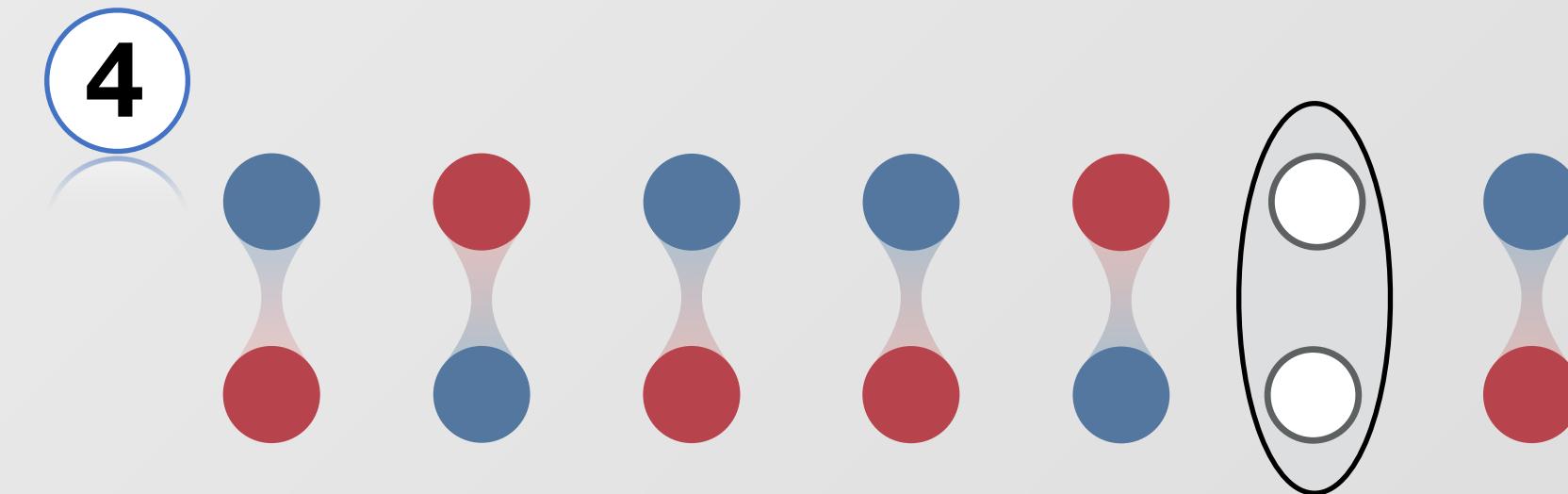
Single holon  
moves



Energy penalty  $\approx 2J_{\perp}$

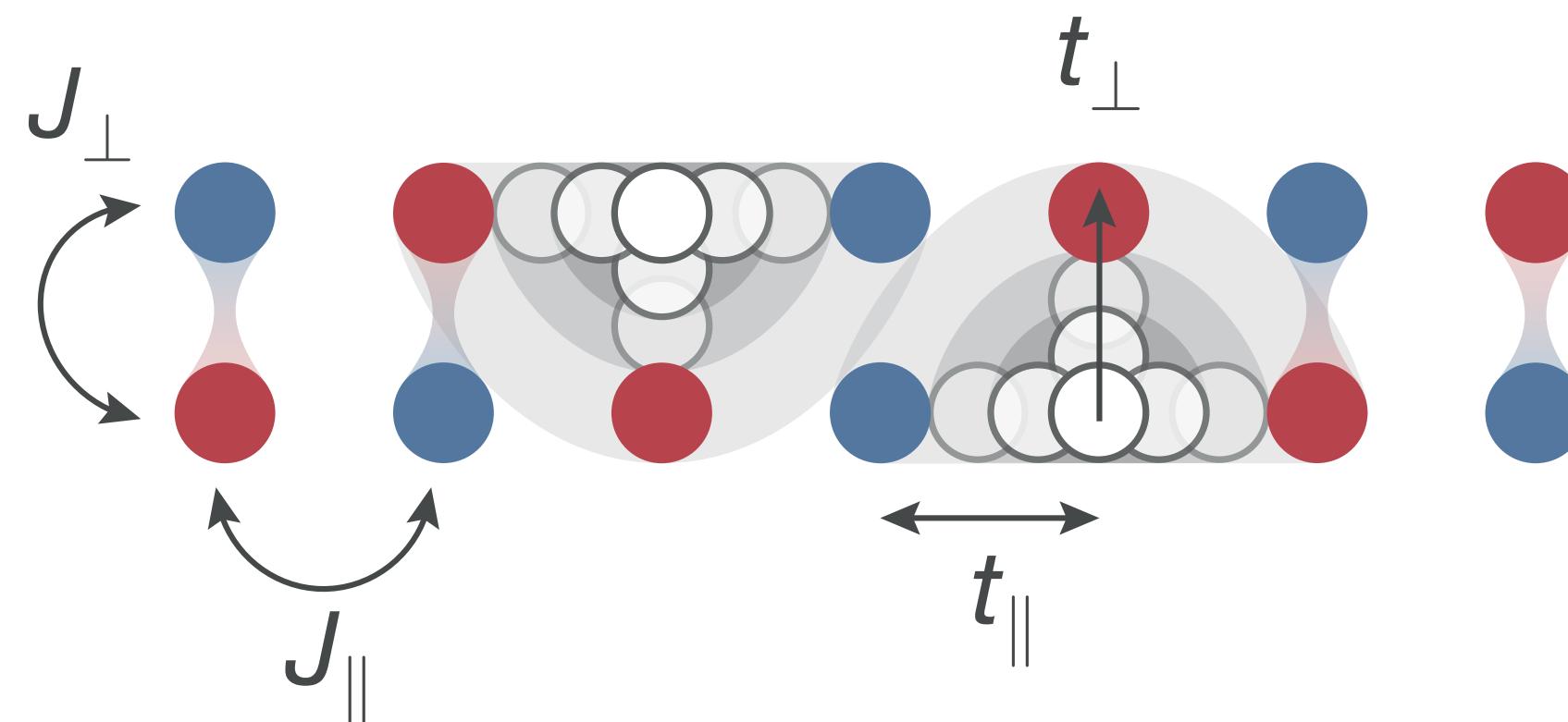


Second holon  
undoes effect  
of first hole



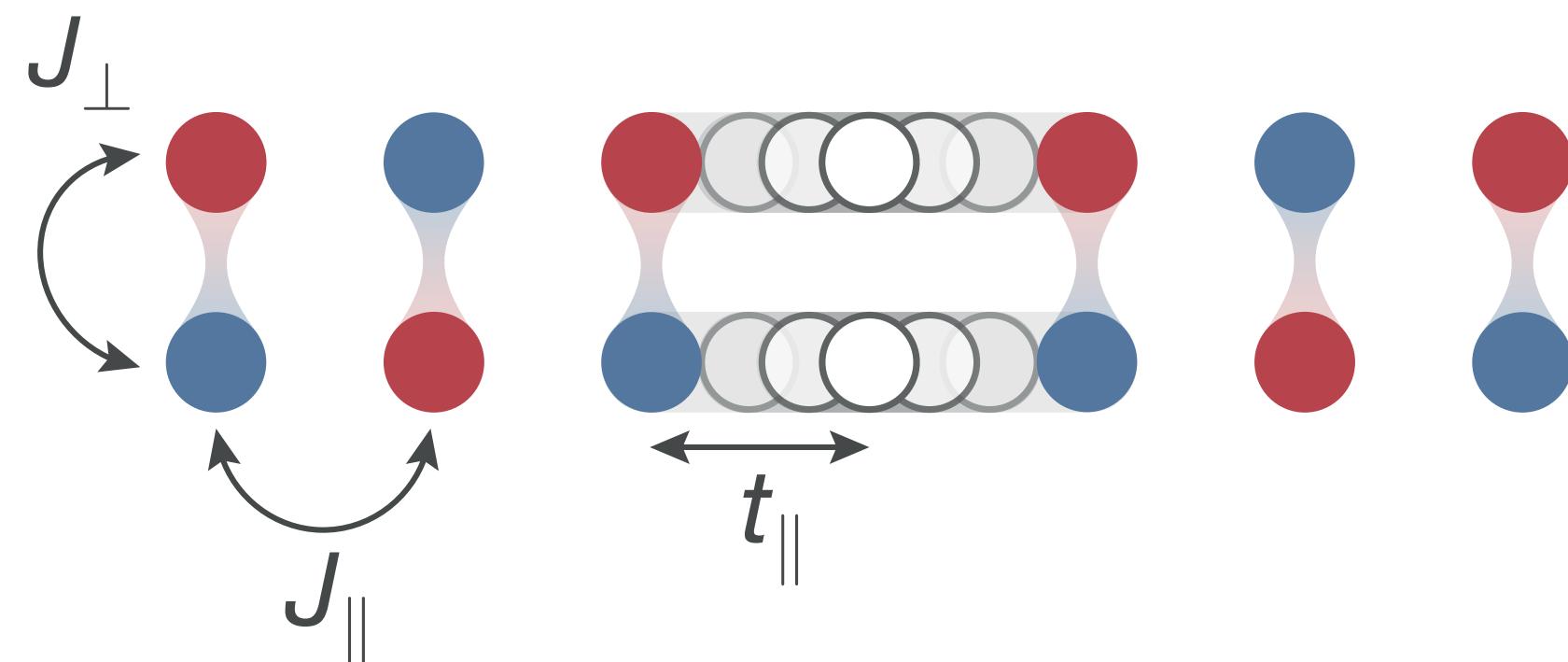
Pairing effect!

2D



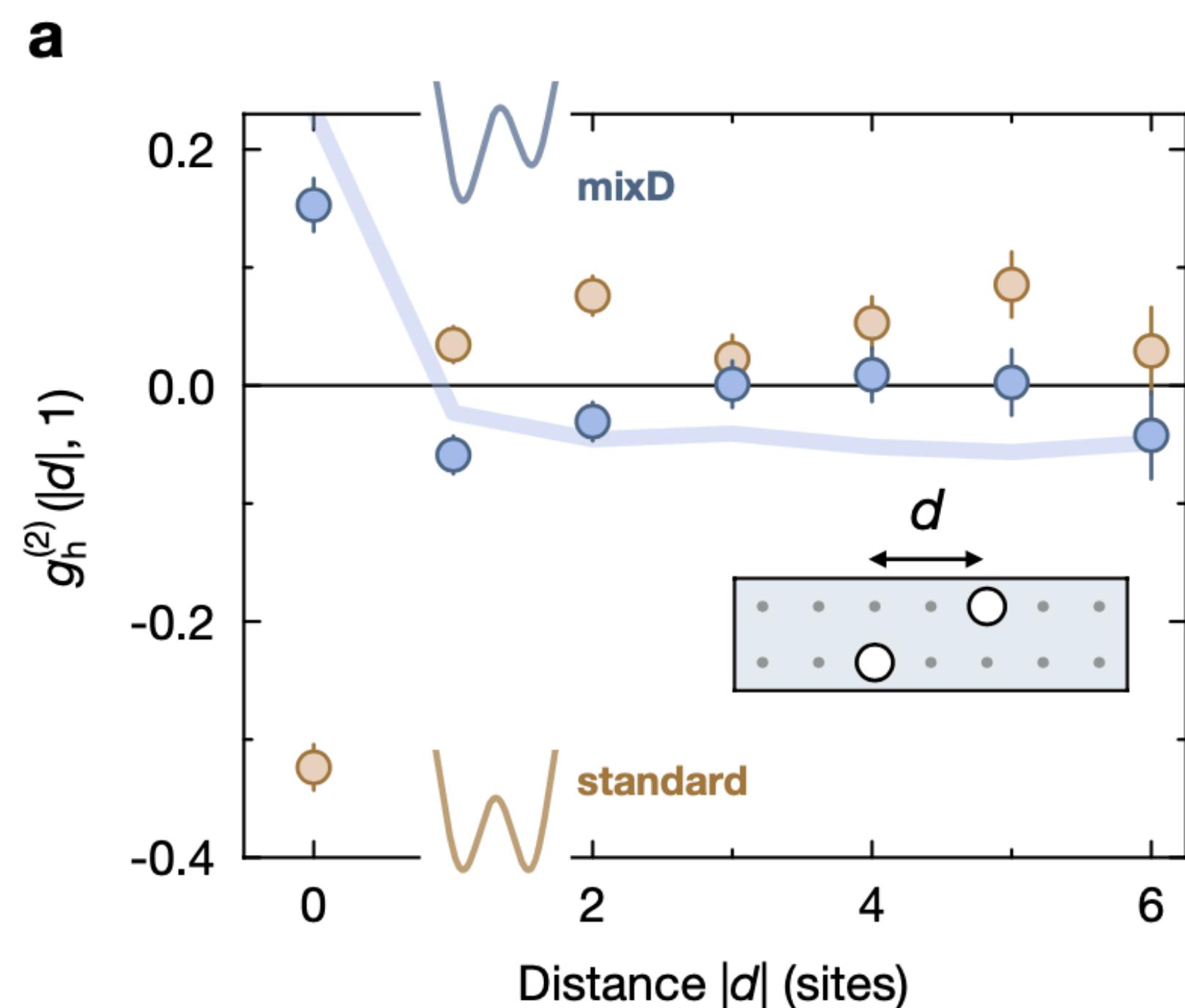
- ▶ **Binding reduced** by “Fermi hole-hole repulsion”
- ▶ **Weak binding energy** (fraction of  $J_{\perp}$ ) and **large pairs**
- ▶ **low- $T$  required**

## Mixed Dimensions - Charge 1D; Spin 2D

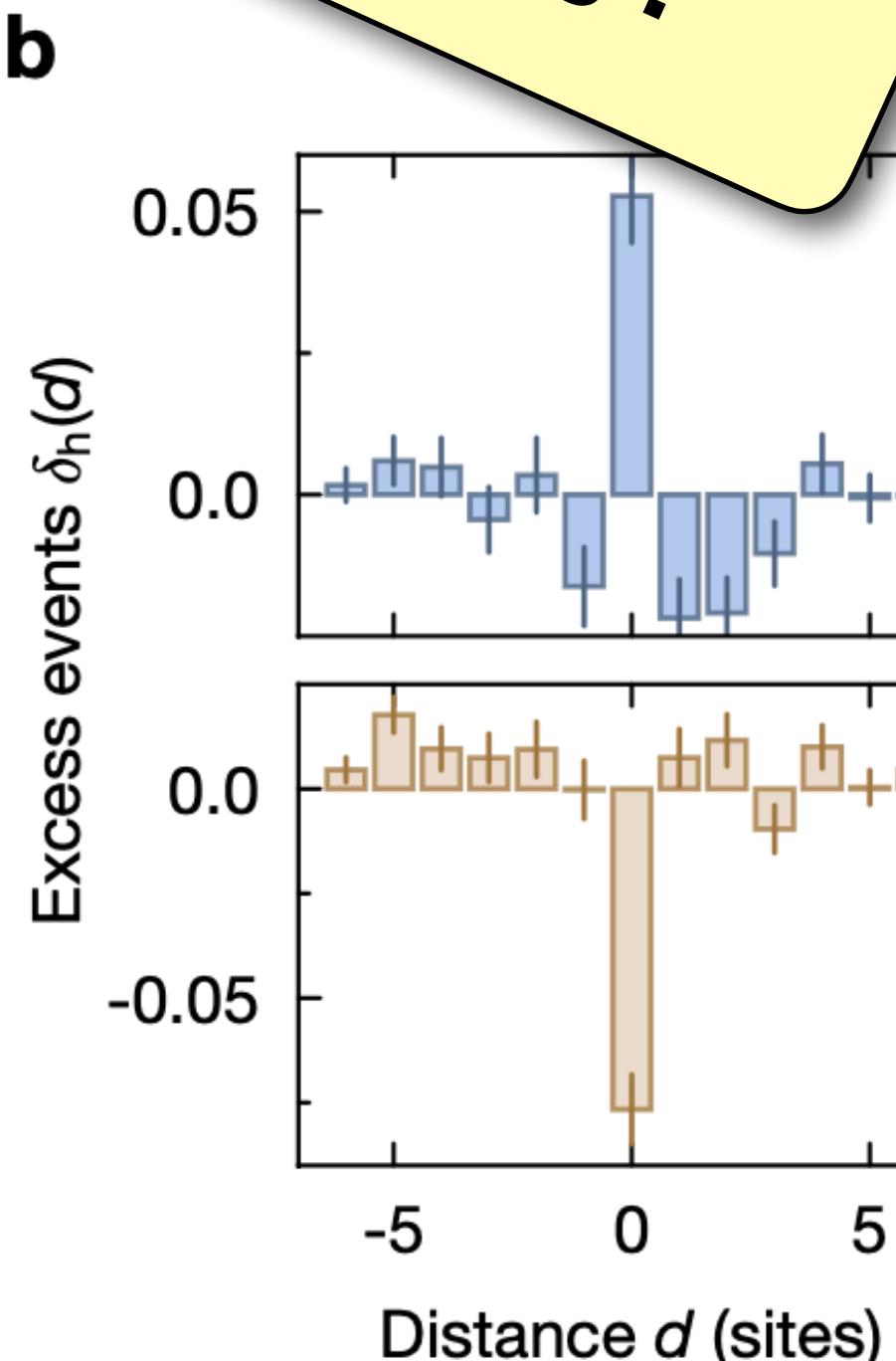
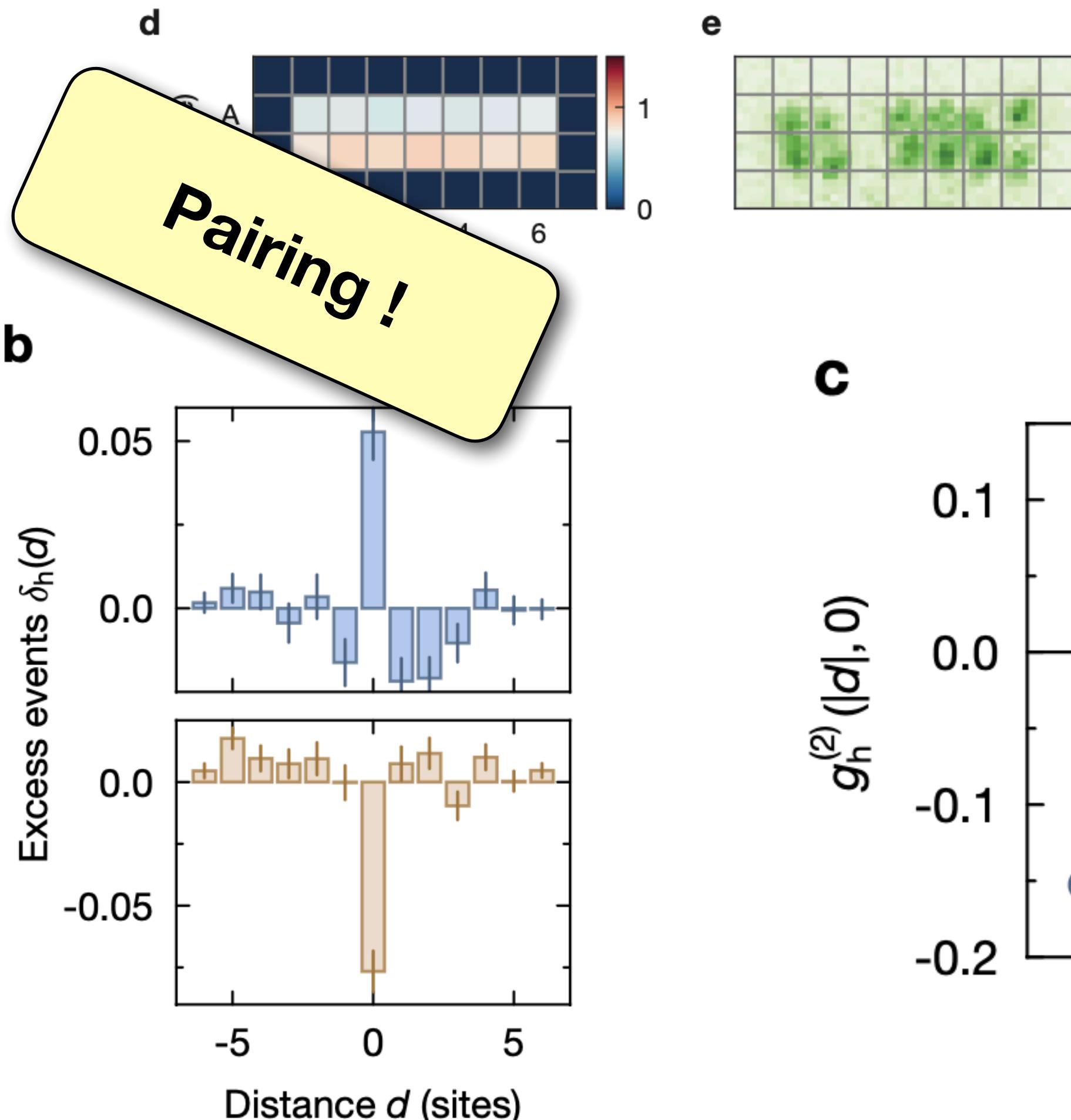


- ▶ **Fermi hole-hole repulsion removed**
- ▶ **Strong binding energy** (as large as  $t$ ) and **rung pairs**
- ▶ **Much higher- $T$  enabled**

$$g_h^{(2)}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{N_r} \sum_{\substack{i,j \\ \mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_j = \mathbf{r}}} \left( \frac{\langle \hat{n}_i^h \hat{n}_j^h \rangle}{\langle \hat{n}_i^h \rangle \langle \hat{n}_j^h \rangle} - 1 \right)$$

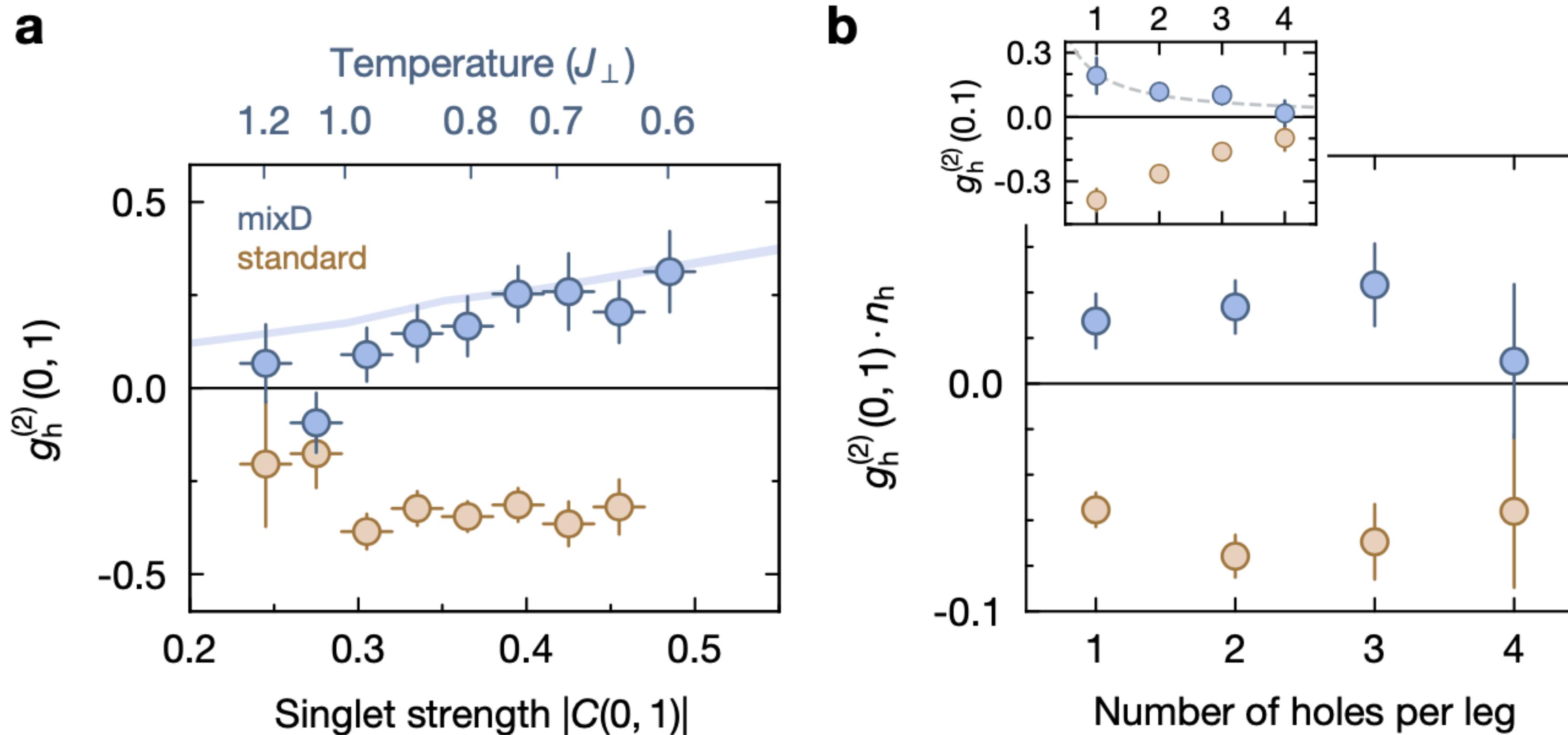


Across Rung



Within Leg



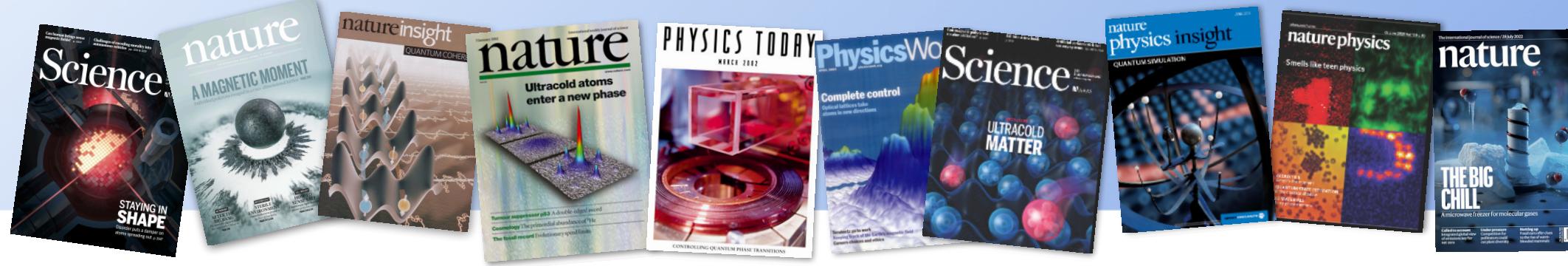


Temperature

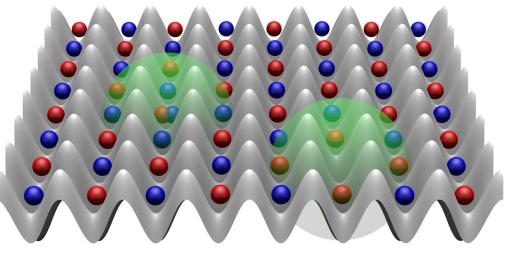
Hole Doping

Pair binding energy  
independent of doping



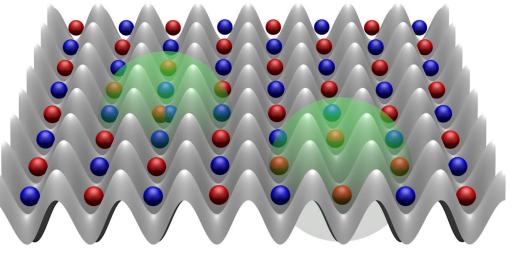


# Applications in Many-Body Physics



0

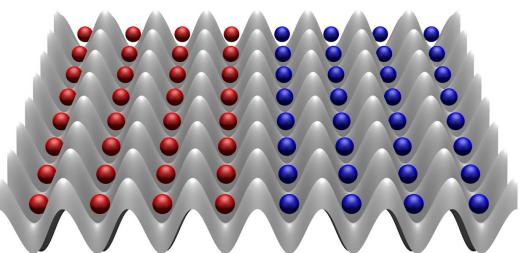
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Fluctuation Hydrodynamics

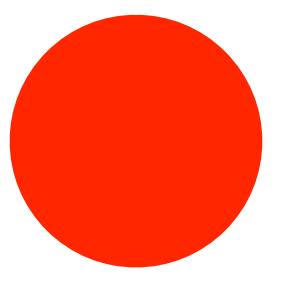
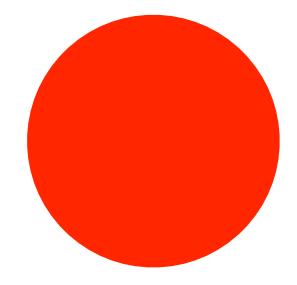
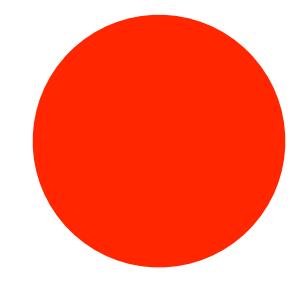
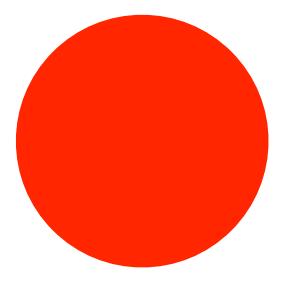
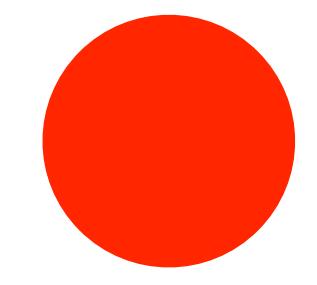
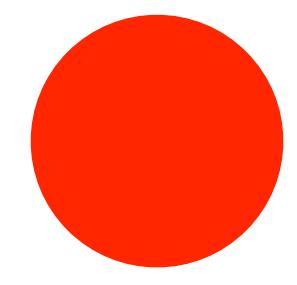
# Promising: Double Quantum Advantage (in Space & Time)

But also challenging for experiments!

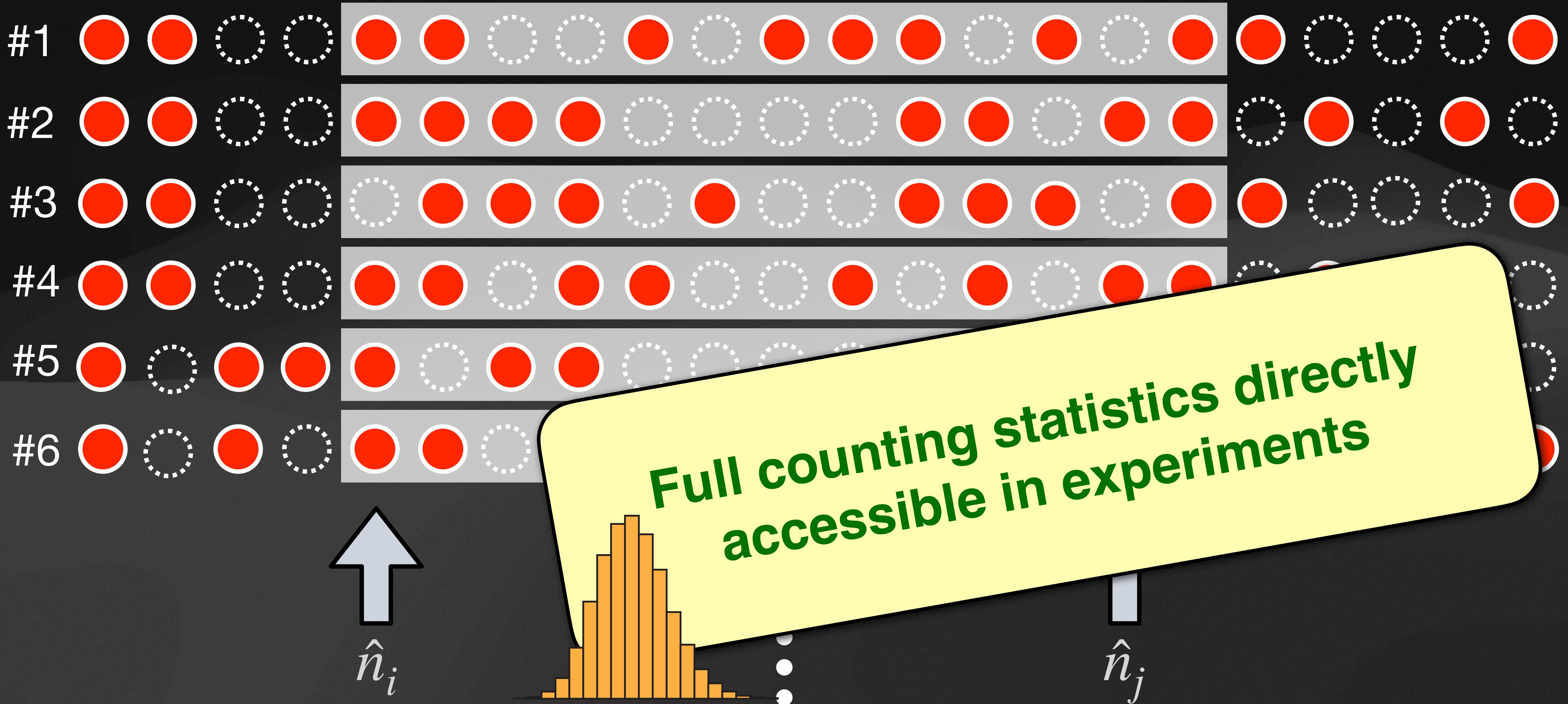
- Large System Sizes
- Homogeneous Systems
- Long Time Evolutions

$$e^{-i\hat{H}t/\hbar}$$

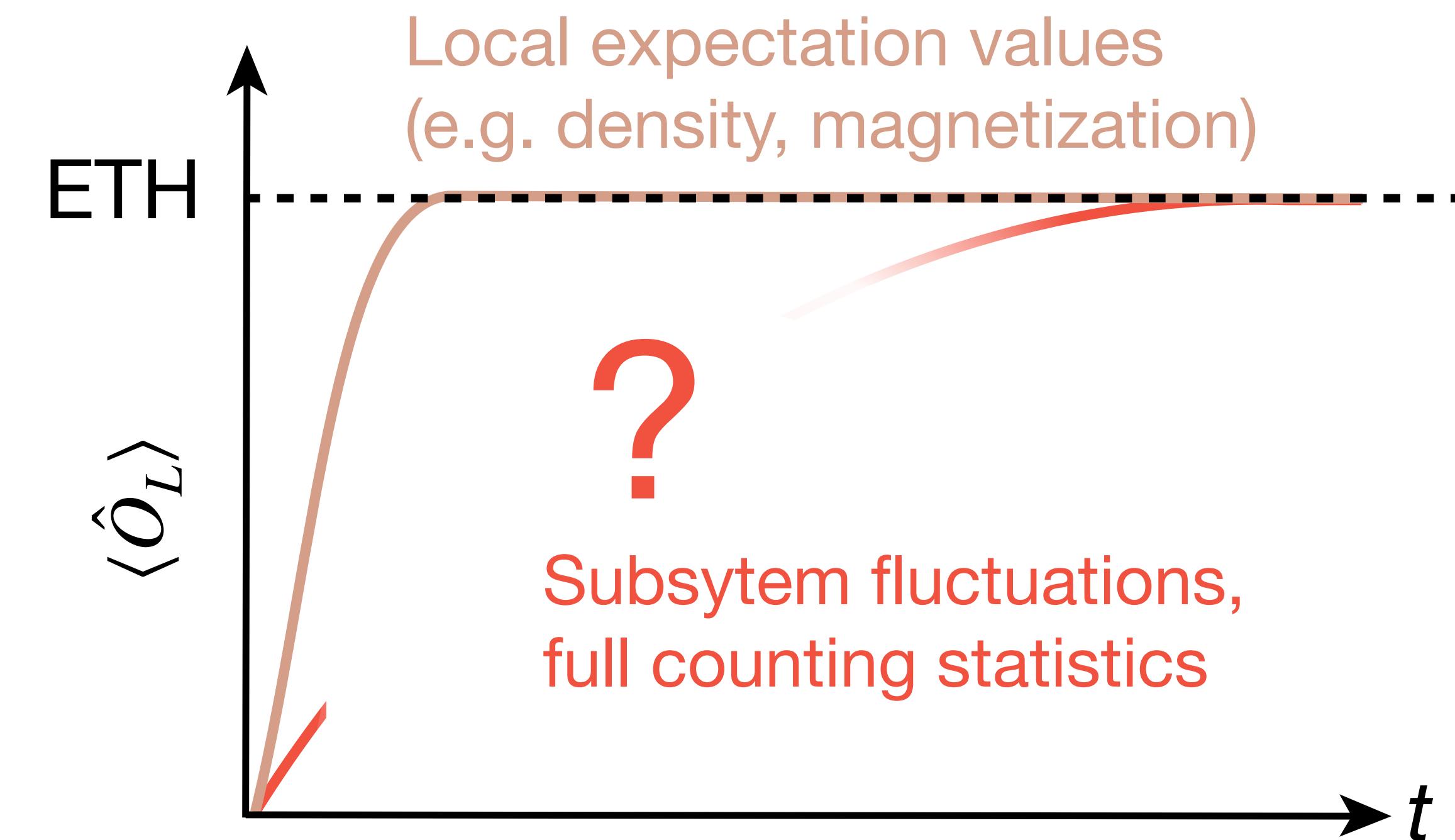
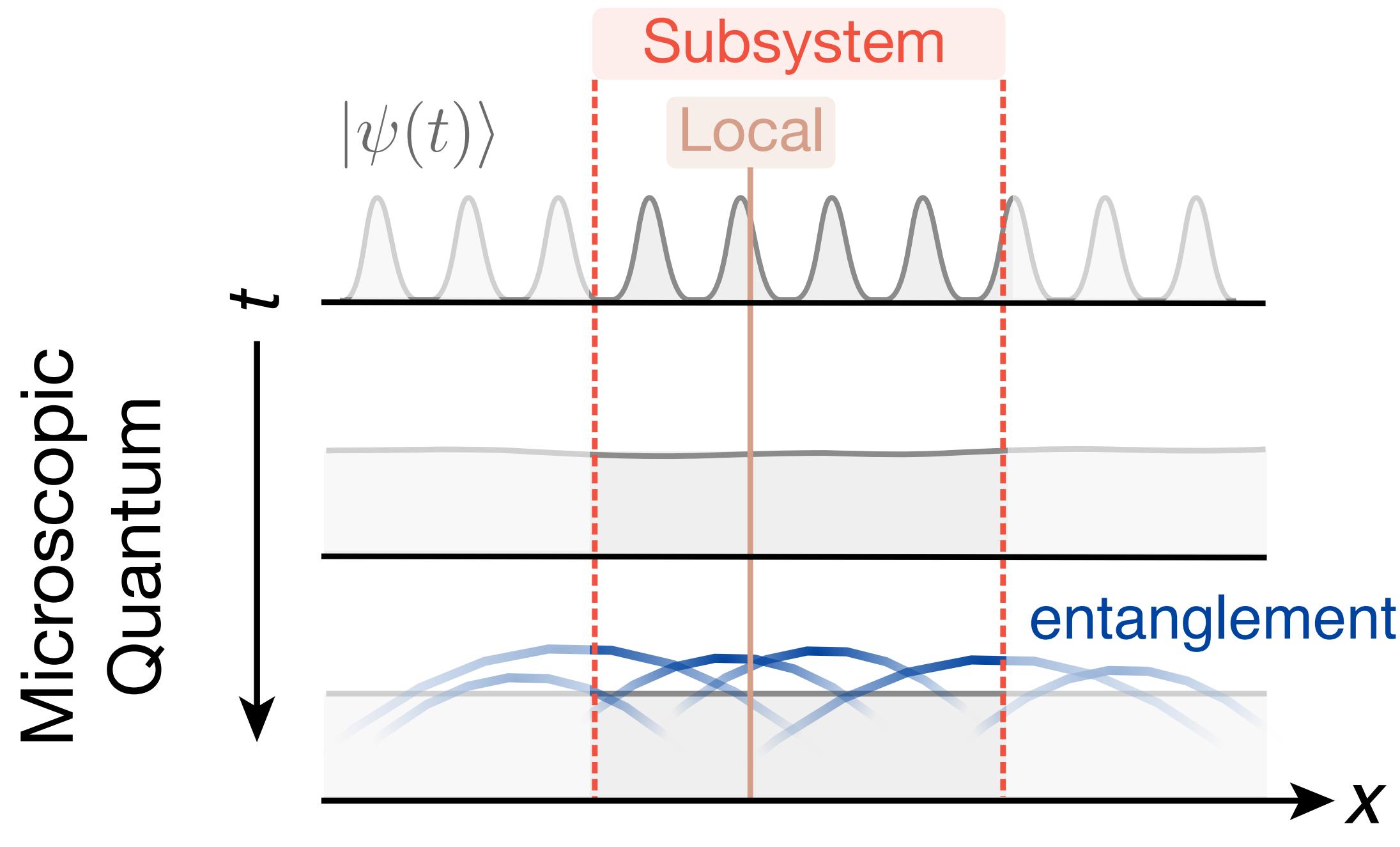
...Time evolution...



# Quantum Transport - Atom-by-Atom



## Stages of Dynamics



### Eigenstate Thermalisation Hypothesis

J. M. Deutsch, Phys. Rev. A **43**, 2046 (1991).

M. Srednicki, Phys. Rev. E **50**, 888 (1994).

M. Rigol, V. Dunjko, and M. Olshanii, Nature **452**, 854 (2008).

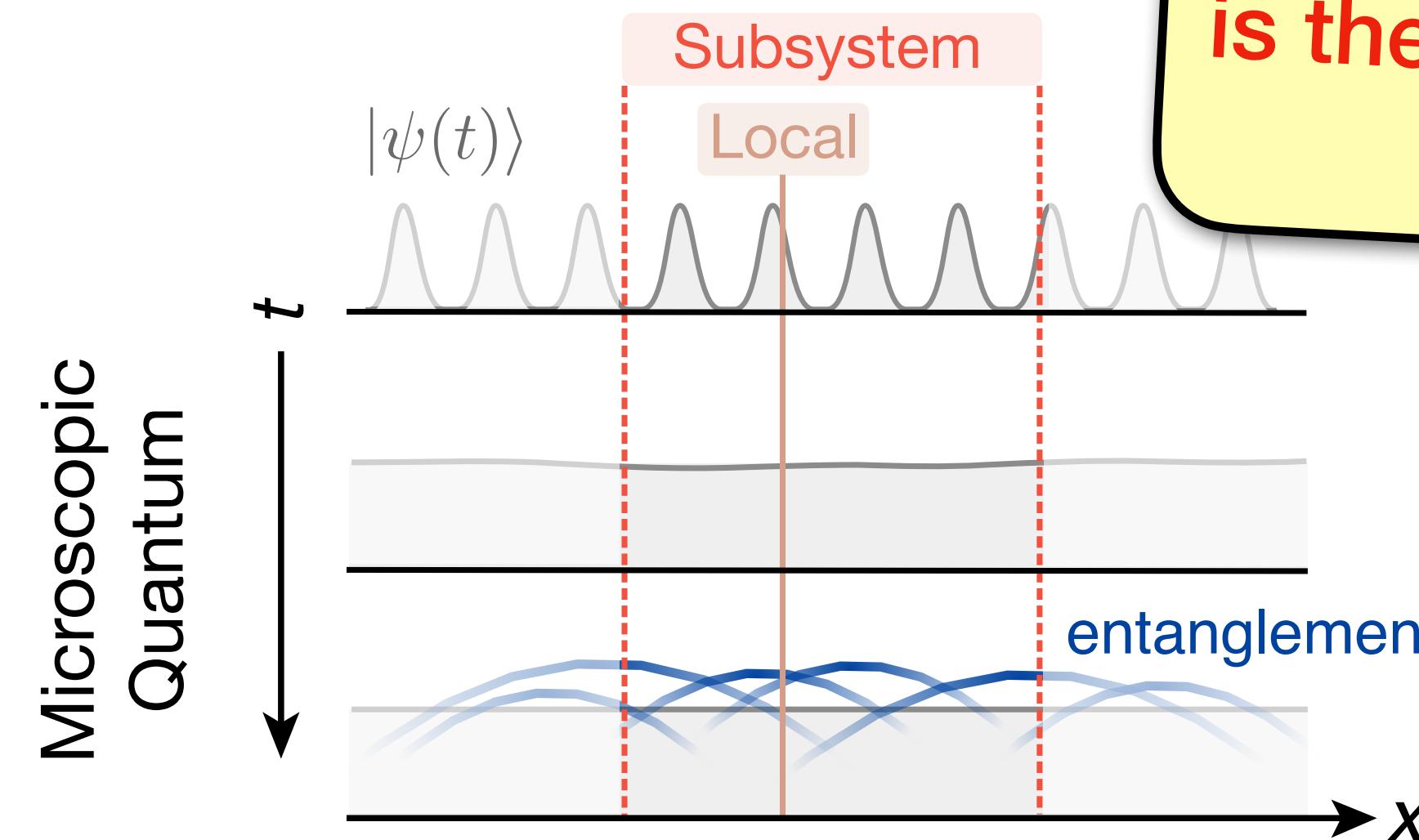
R. Nandkishore, Phys. Rev. B **92**, 245141 (2015).

L. D'Alessio, Y. Kafri, A. Polkovnikov, and M. Rigol Adv. Phys. **65**, 239 (2016).

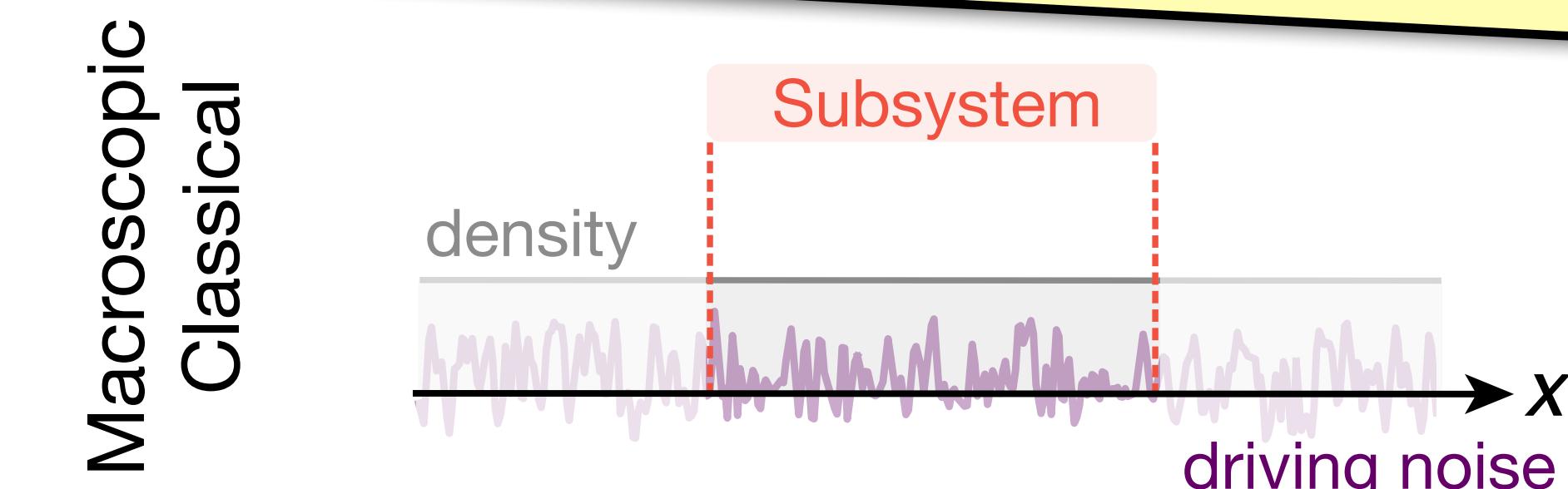
### Experiments Thermalisation

A. M. Kaufman et al., Science **353**, 794 (2016).



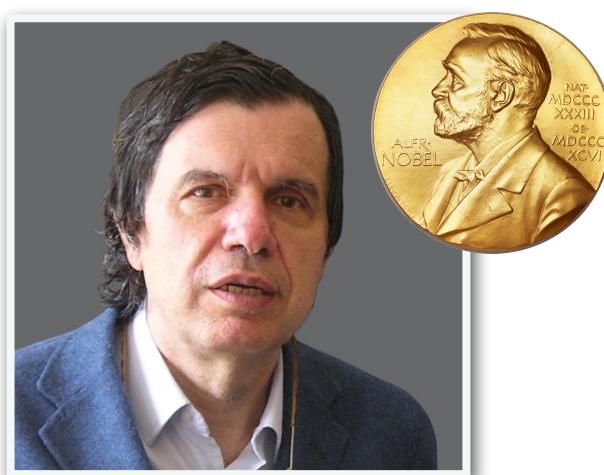
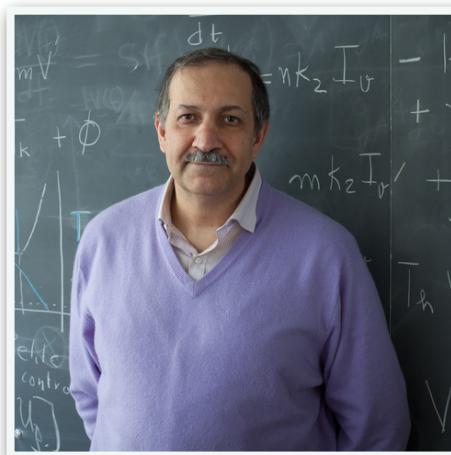
**Stages of Dynamics**

Can this work for quantum systems as well ???  
is there an emergent hydrodynamics of fluctuations

**Classical Systems: Macroscopic Fluctuation Theory**

$$\partial_t n + \partial_x j = 0, \quad j = -D(n) \partial_x n + \sqrt{2 D(n) \chi(n)} \xi$$

Nonlinear stochastic PDE



Martin Hairer  
Fields Medal  
(2014)



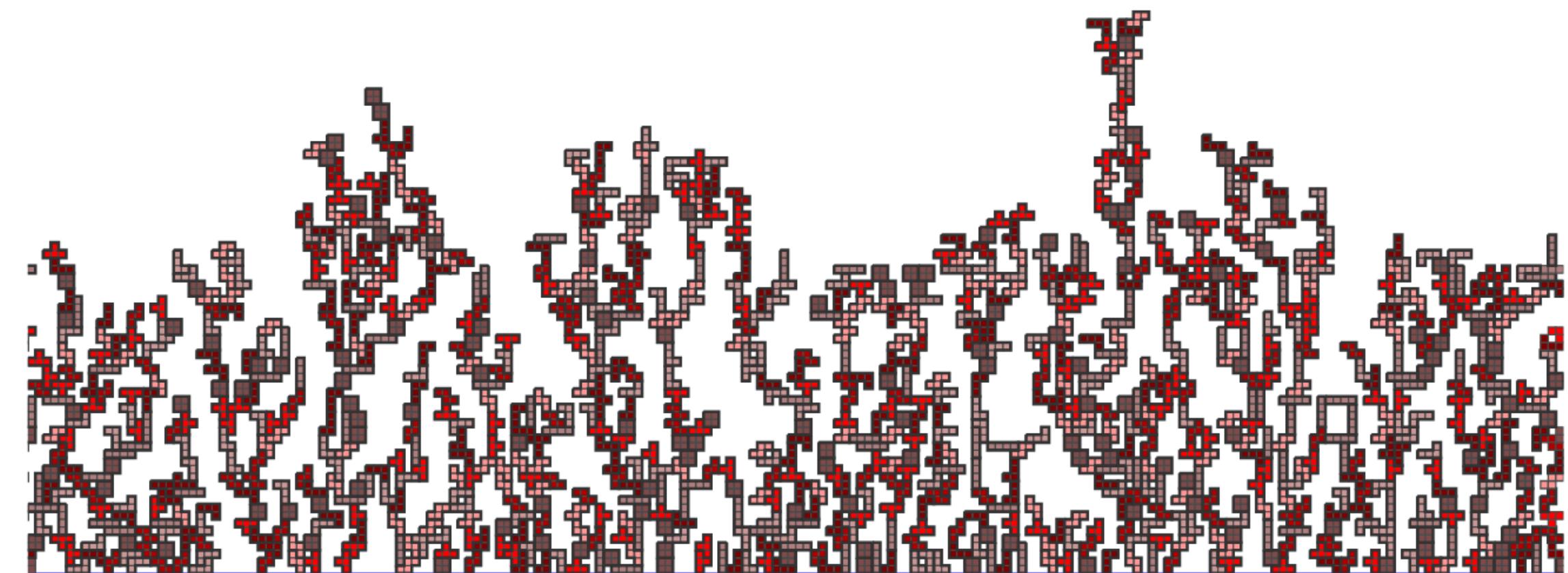
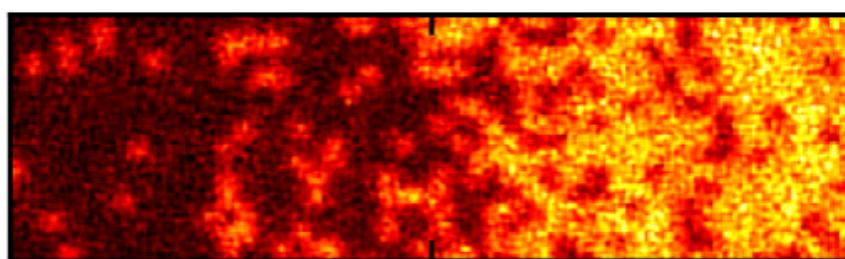
# Kardar-Parisi-Zhang Equation

$$\frac{\partial h(\vec{x}, t)}{\partial t} = \nu \nabla^2 h + \frac{\lambda}{2} (\nabla h)^2 + \eta(\vec{x}, t)$$

Non-linear stochastic differential equation describing **temporal change of height field**

- M. Kardar, G. Parisi & Y.-C. Zhang PRL **56**, 889 (1986)
- C.A. Tracy & H. Widom Comm. Math. Phys. **159**, 151 (1994)
- C.A. Tracy & H. Widom Comm. Math. Phys. **177**, 727 (1994)
- M. Prähofer & H. Spohn PRL **84**, 4882 (2000)

$$\hat{S}^z(x, t) \sim \partial_x h(x, t)$$



- M. Ljubotina *et al.*, Nature Comm. (2017)
- M. Ljubotina *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. (2019)
- S. Gopalakrishnan and R. Vasseur, Phys. Rev. Lett. (2019)
- J. De Nardis, Phys. Rev. Lett. (2019)
- S. Gopalakrishnan, R. Vasseur, and B. Ware, PNAS (2019)
- V. B. Bulchandani, Phys. Rev. B (2020)

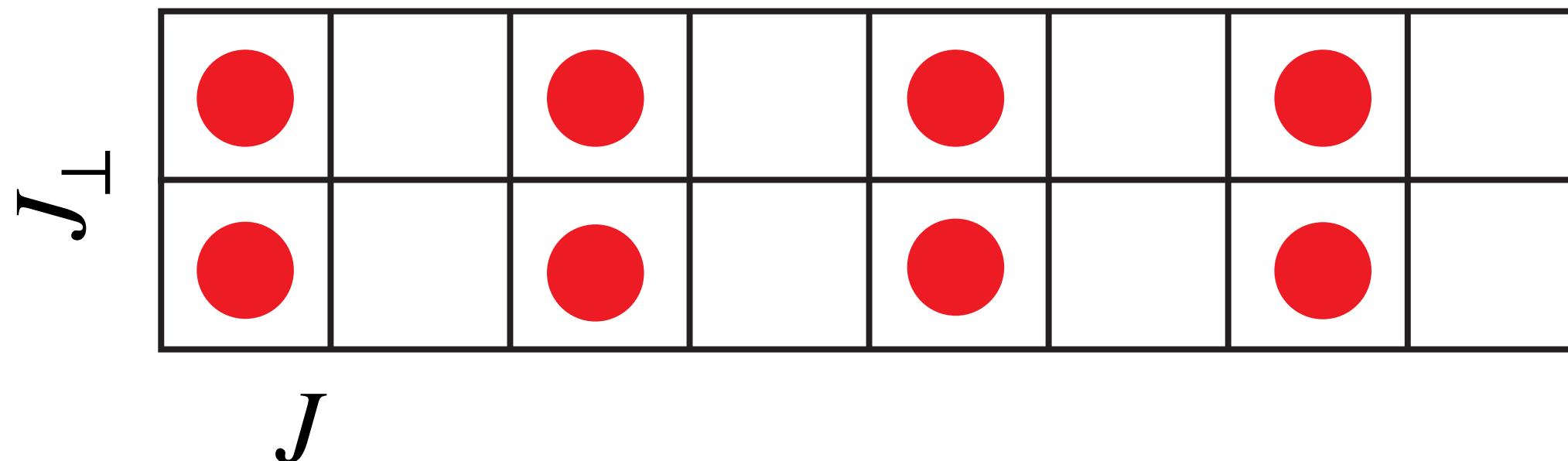
**Quantum Exp:** D. Wei *et al.* Science **376**, 716 (2022)

see also: A. Scheie *et al.* Nature Phys. **17**, 726 (2021)

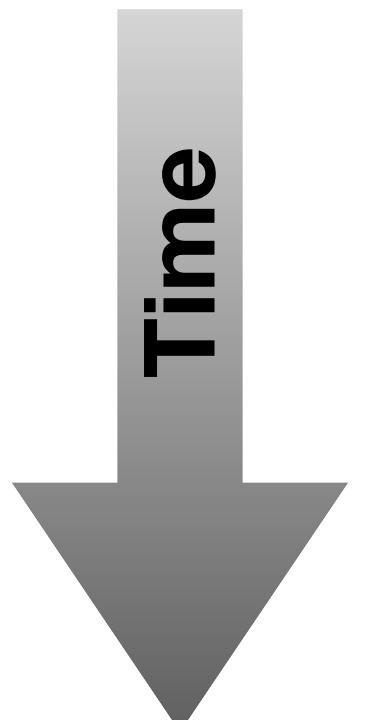
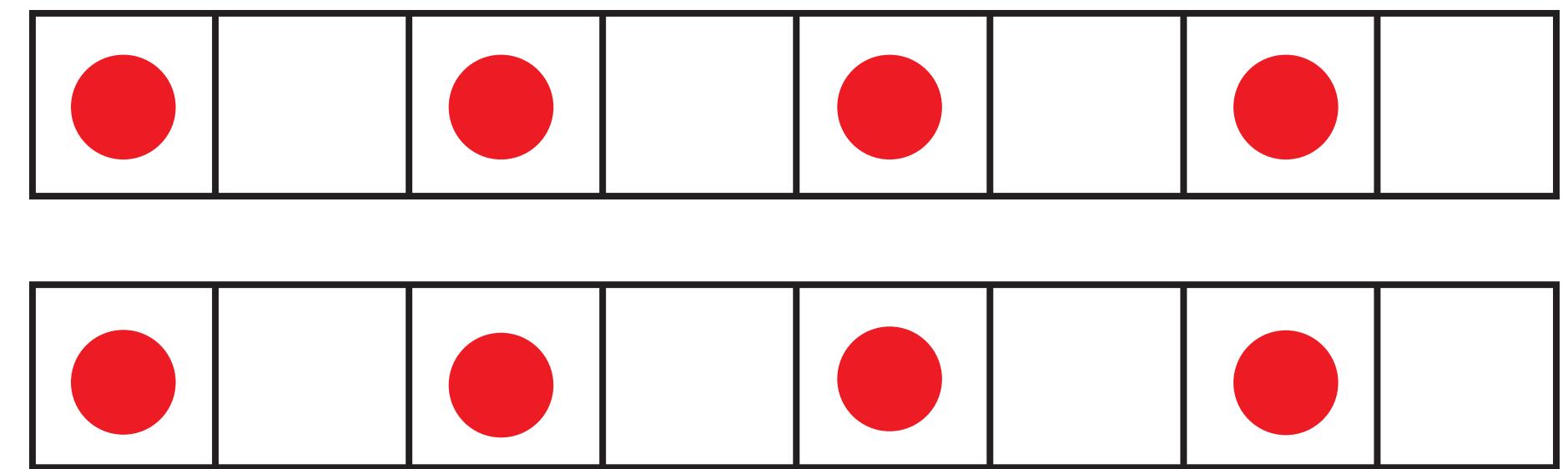
**Polariton condensate:** Q. Fontaine *et al.* Nature **608**, 687 (2022)

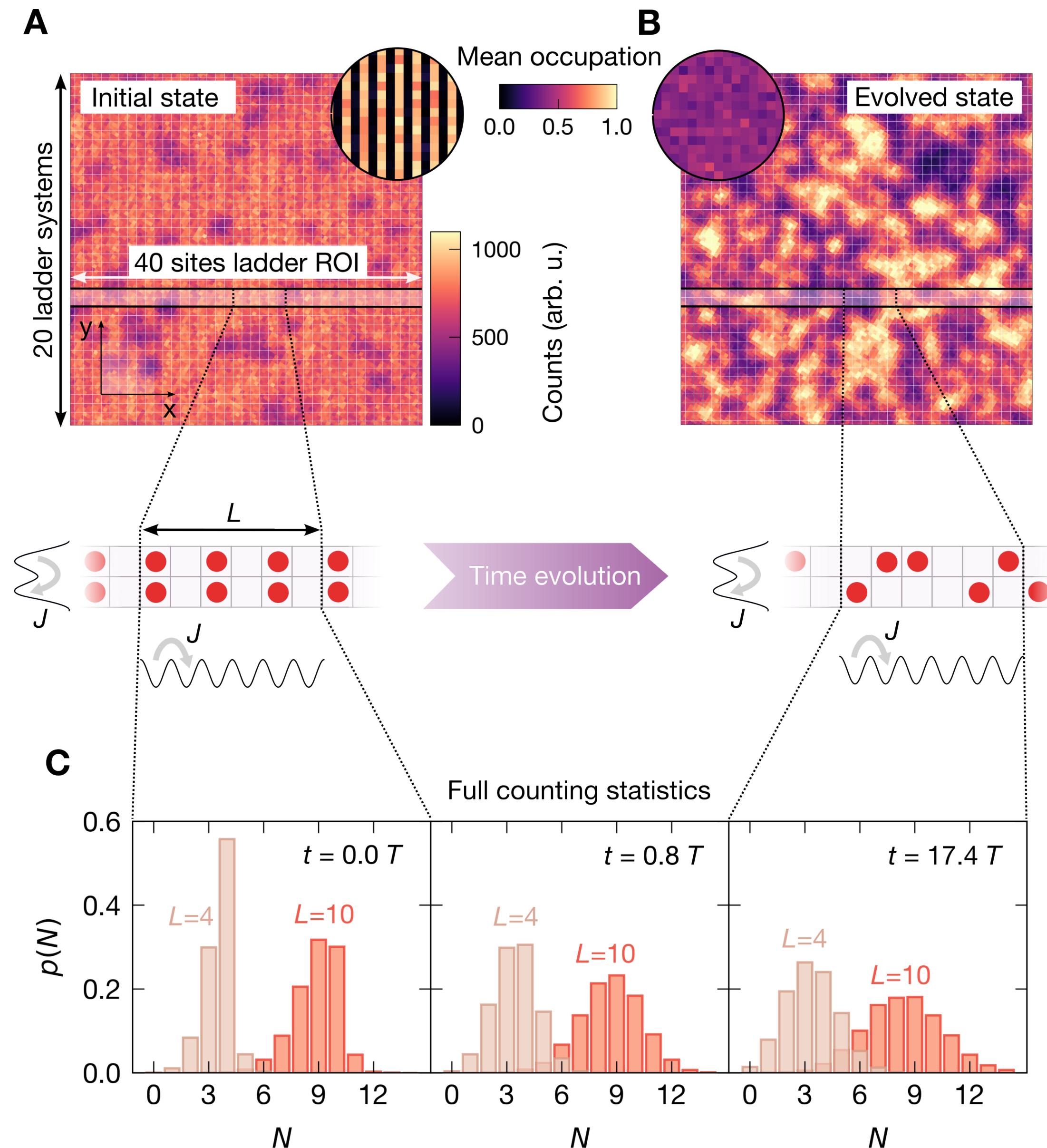
## Hardcore bosons (on a ladder (2x50 sites) with tunable coupling)

Coupled ladders (interacting)



1d chains (free fermions)



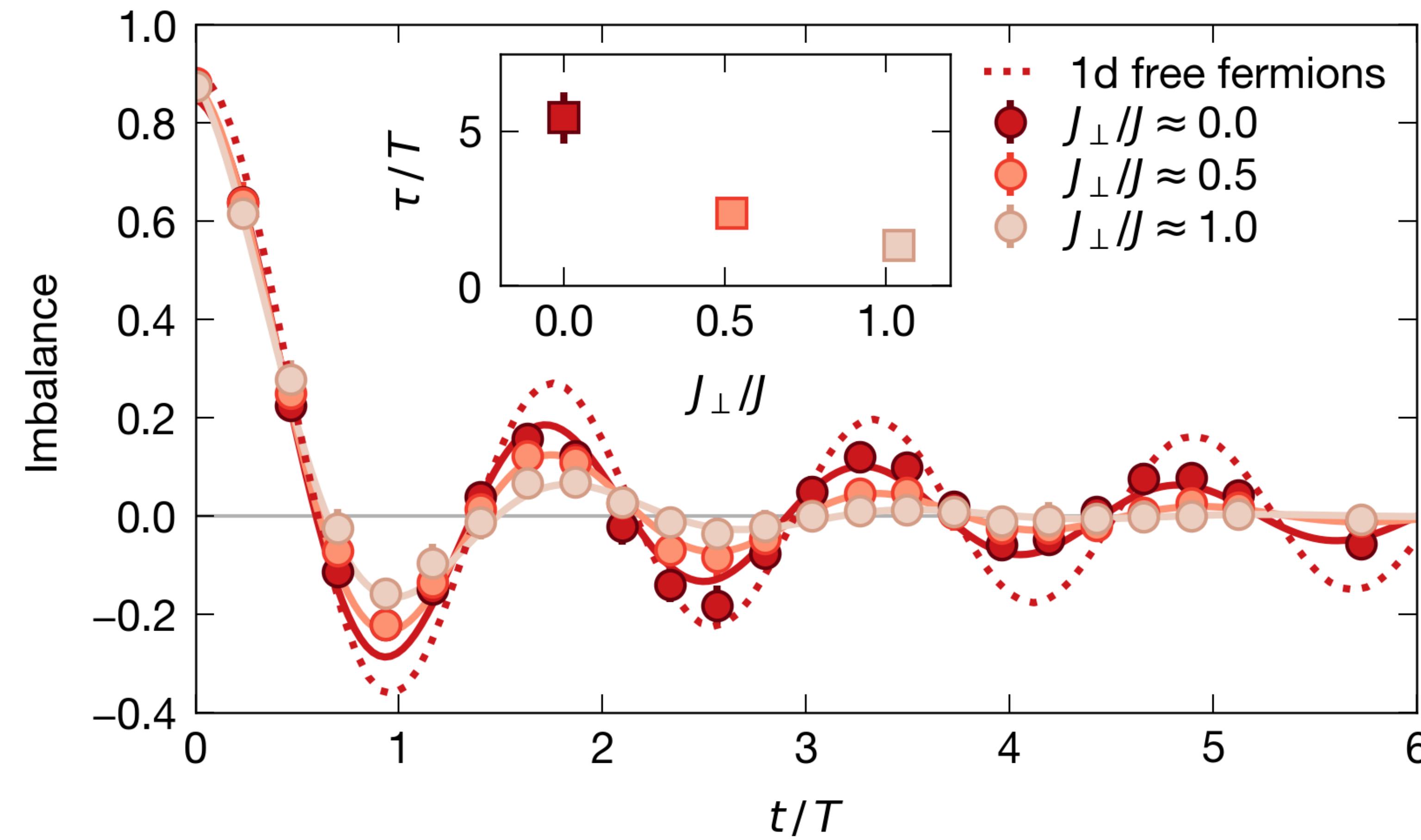


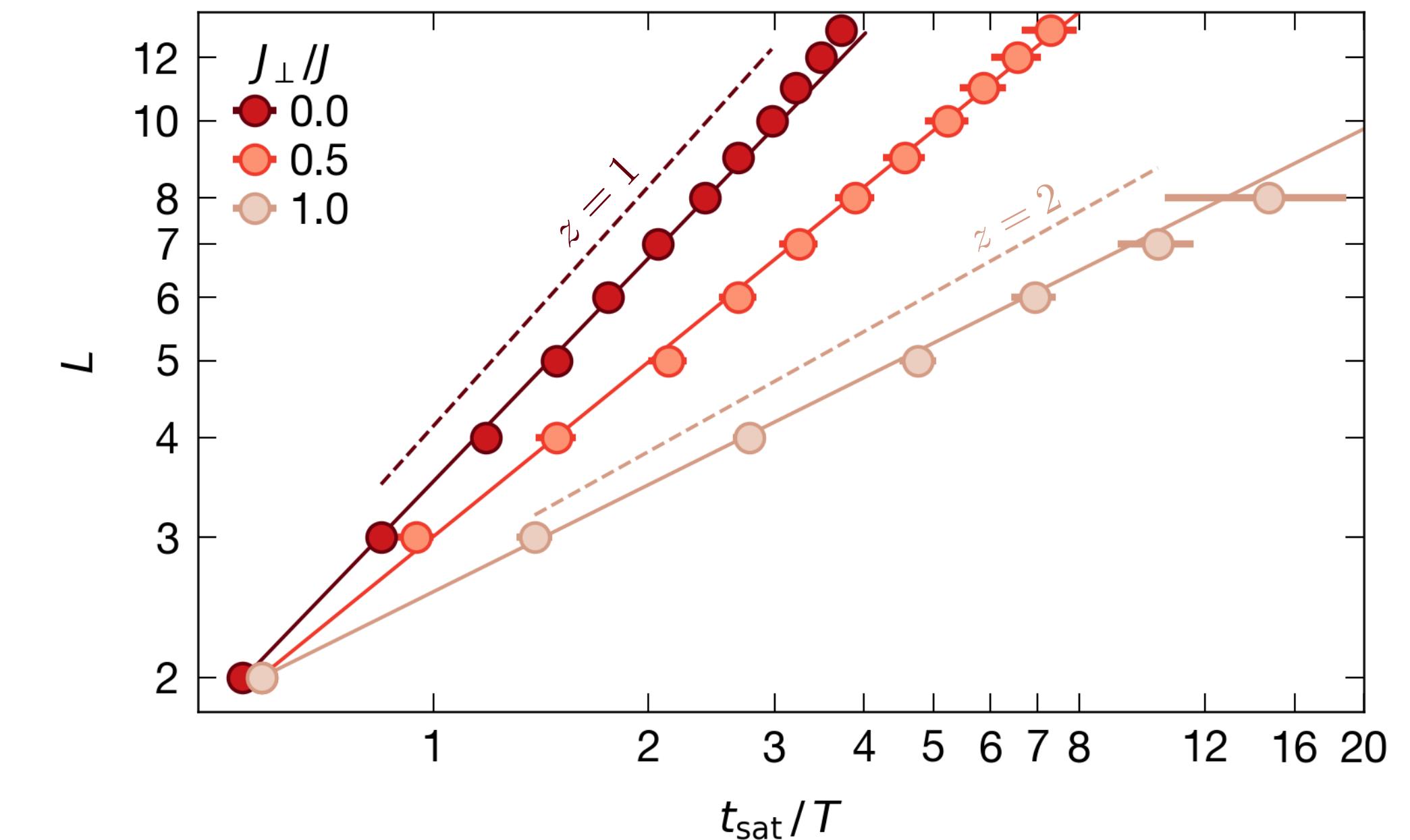
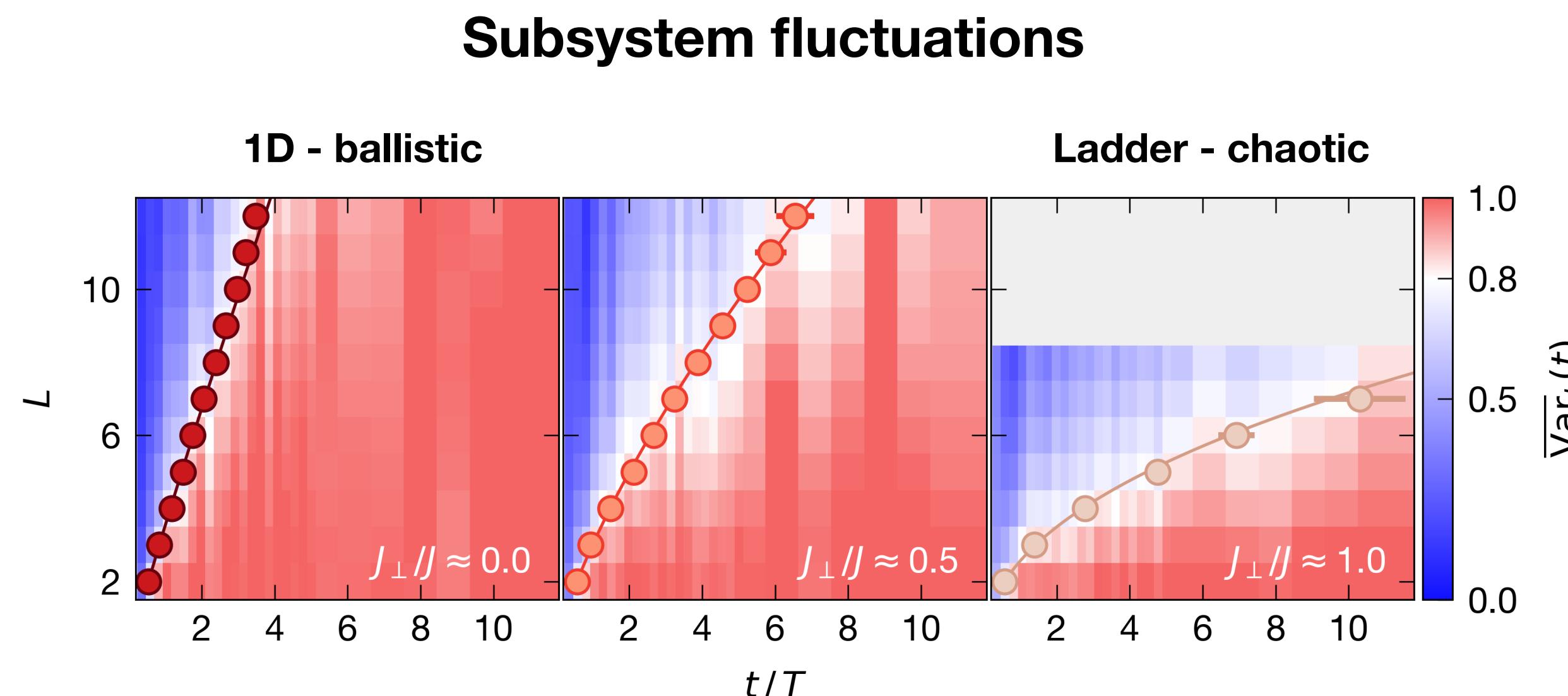
**Hardcore bosons  
(tunable ladder coupling)**

**Full counting statistics on  
different subsystem sizes**

**Related:**  
A.M. Kaufman et al.  
Science **353**, 794 (2016)  
and thermalisation  
experiments by D. Weiss (PennState)







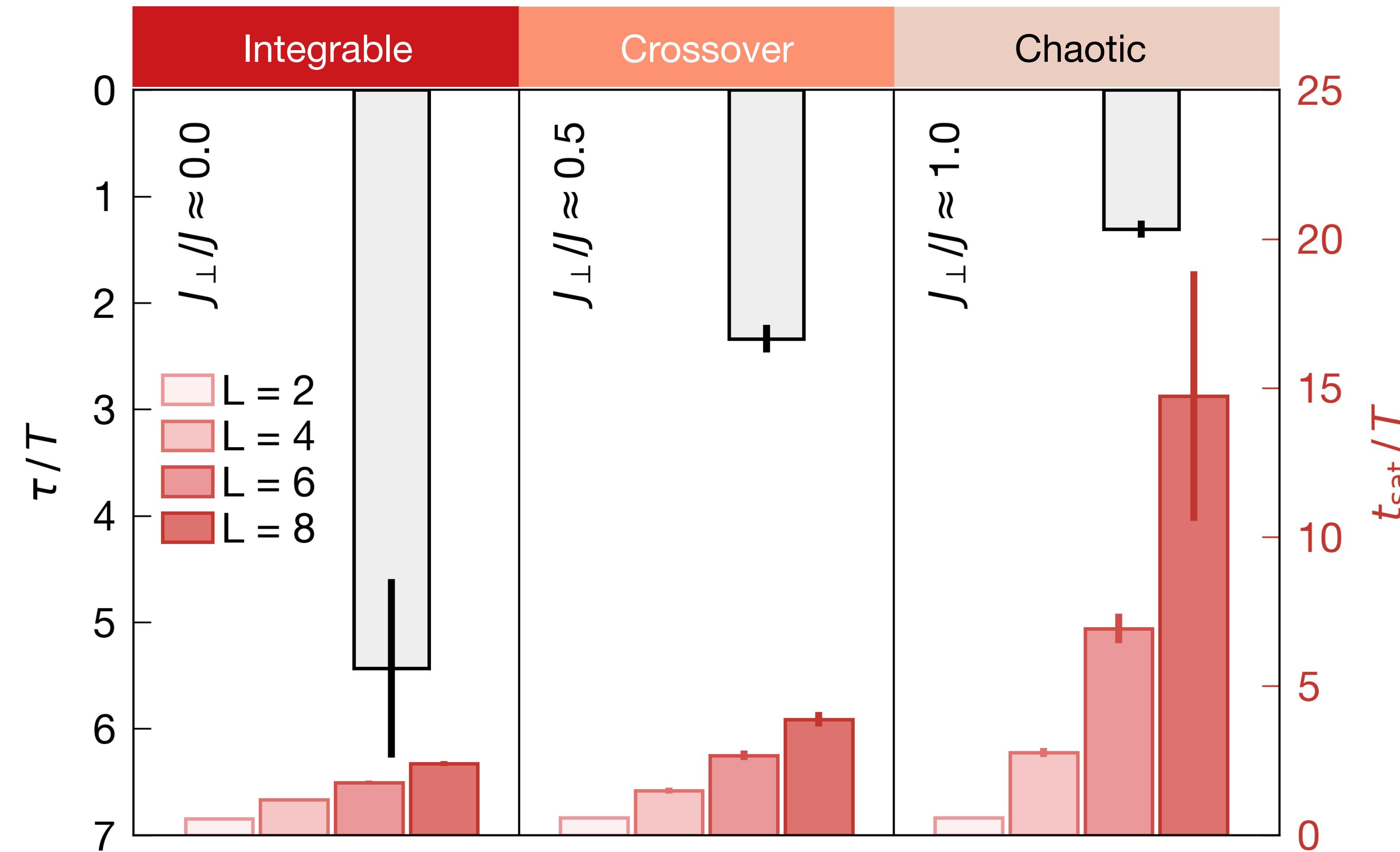
- ▶ Enables quantitative determination of **dynamical exponent  $z$**  and **diffusion constant**
- ▶ **Global equilibrations** takes longer and longer for larger subsystem

$$\text{Var}_L(t) \approx \sqrt{\frac{2Dt}{\pi a^2}}$$

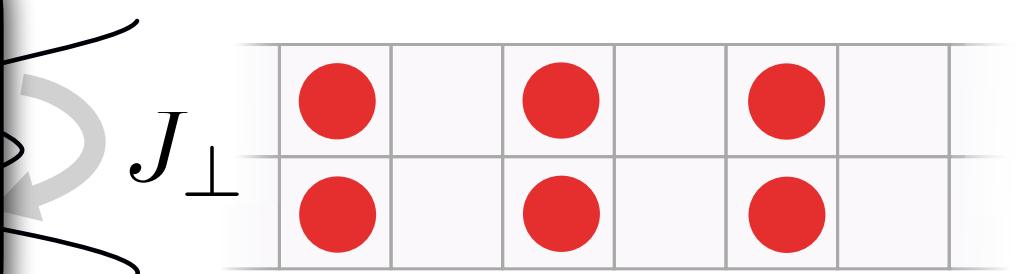
MFT prediction

$$L \propto t_{\text{sat}}^{1/z}$$

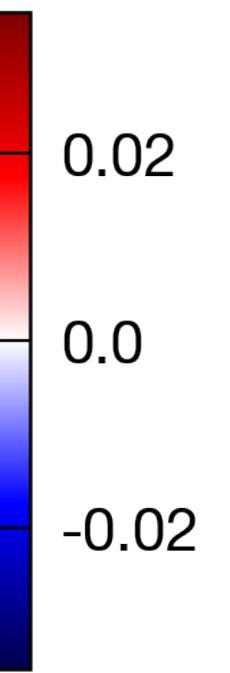
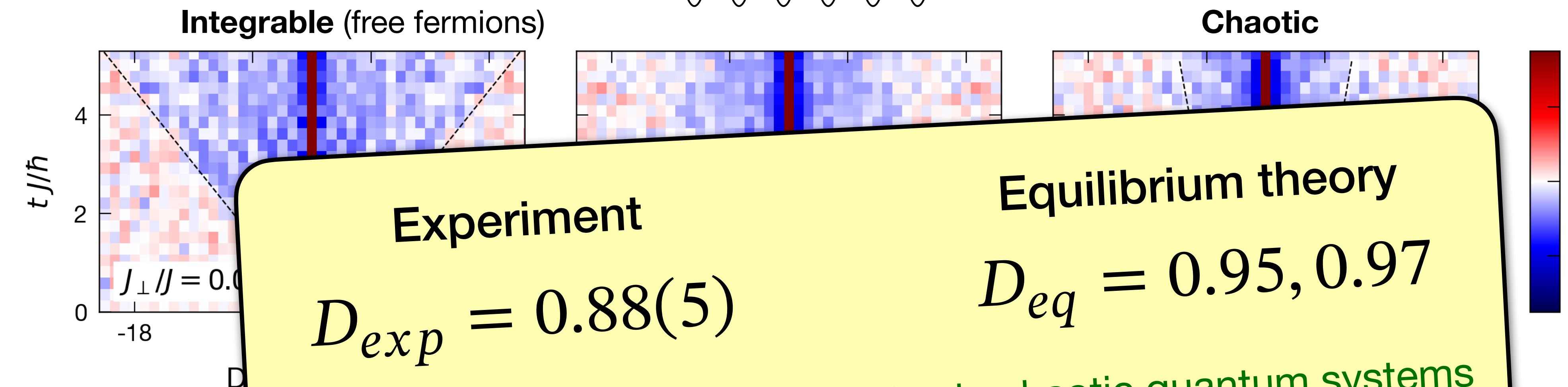
**Determination of dynamical exponent**



$$C(i - j) = \langle \hat{N}_i \hat{N}_j \rangle - \langle \hat{N}_i \rangle \langle \hat{N}_j \rangle$$



**Hardcore bosons  
(tunable ladder coupling)**



#### See also:

M. Cheneau, ..., I. Bloch, S. Kuhr, Nature (2012)

Y.-G. Zheng, ..., Z.-S. Yuan, J.-W. Pan, arXiv:2210.08556

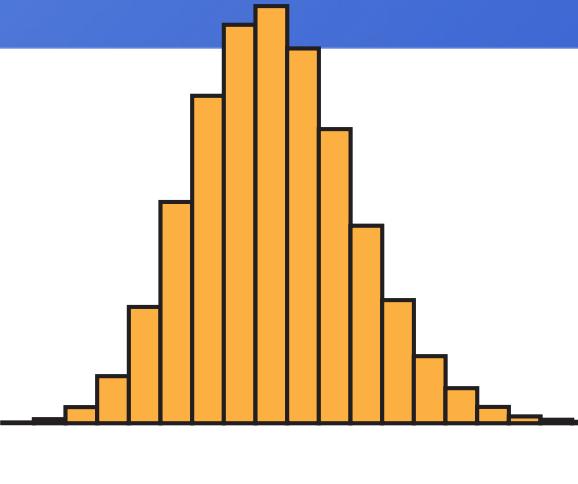
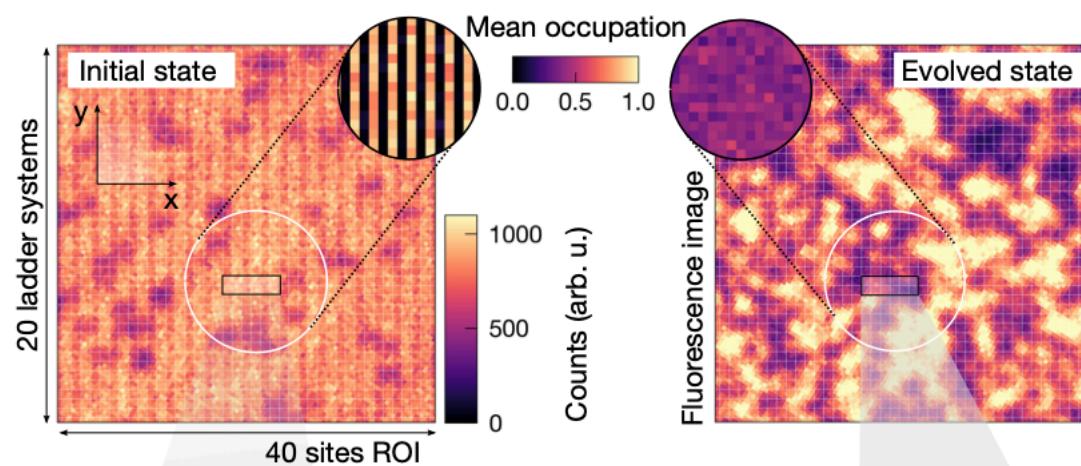
#### Equilibrium transport theory:

R. Steinigeweg et al., Phys. Rev. B (2014)

T. Rakovszky, C. W. von Keyserlingk & F. Pollmann Phys. Rev. B (2022)

#### Rung Density-Density Correlations





- ▶ **Full counting statistic / fluctuations** powerful new observables for quantum transport
- ▶ **(Nonlinear) Noisy classical dynamics** can efficiently describe **charge fluctuation dynamics in chaotic quantum many-body systems** via MFT
- ▶ **Test of fluctuation-dissipation theorem**
- ▶ **Determination of equilibrium transport** through out-of-equilibrium dynamics
- ▶ **When does MFT fail? Higher order cumu**

### Can the Macroscopic Fluctuation Theory be Quantized ?

Denis BERNARD ♣<sup>1</sup>

<sup>♣</sup> Laboratoire de Physique de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure, CNRS, ENS & Université PSL, Sorbonne Université, Université de Paris, 75005 Paris, France.

# Cs Quantum Gas Microscope Team



Ignacio  
Perez



**Simon  
Karch**



Christian  
Schweizer



Scott Hubele

Sophie Häfele

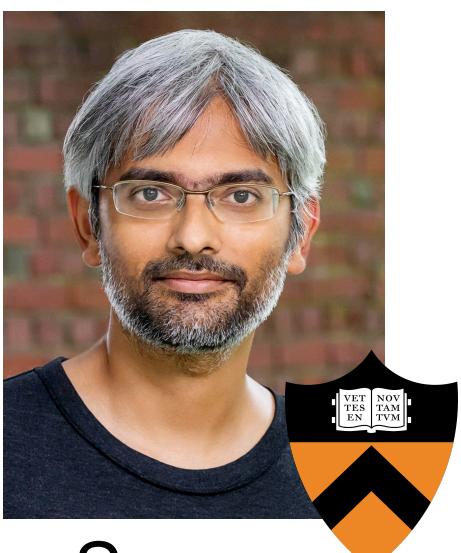
## Theory



Ewan  
McCulloch

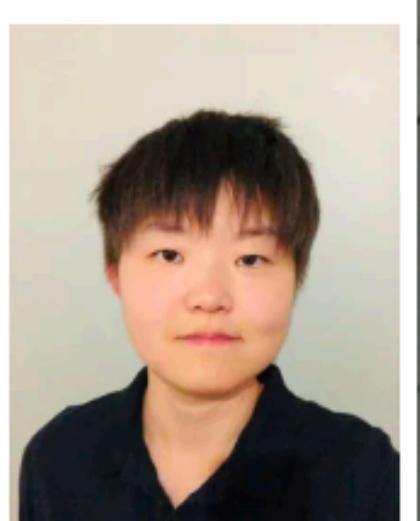


Romain  
Vasseur



Sarang  
Gopalakrishnan

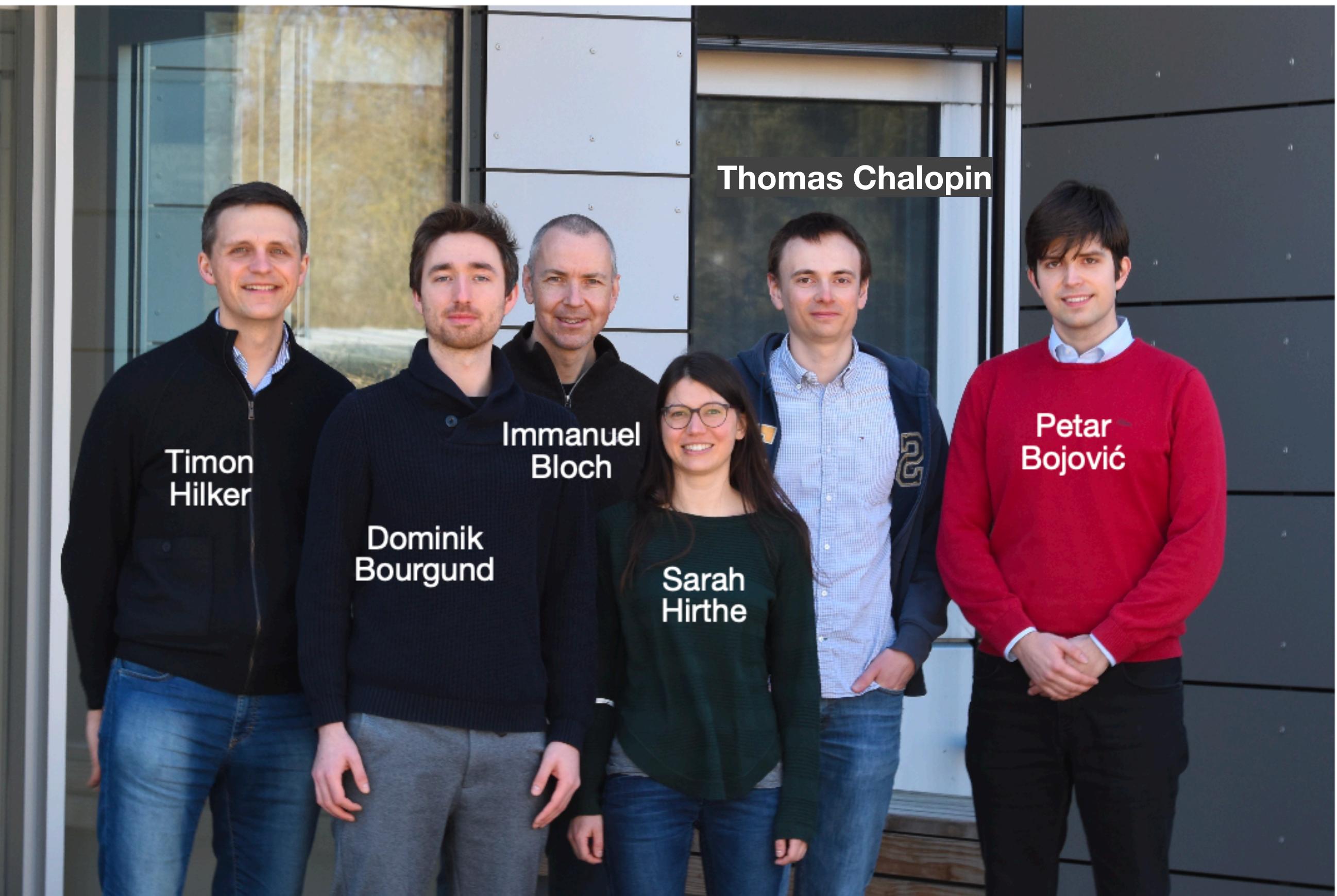
# Li Quantum Microscope Team



S. Wang



T. Franz



H. Schrömer



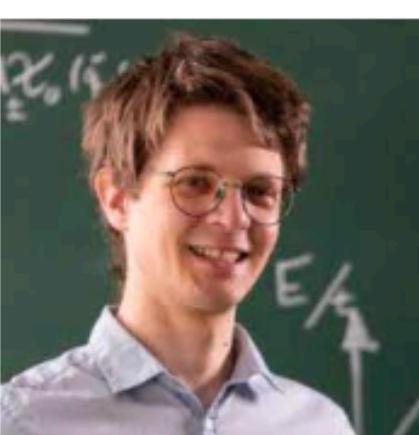
LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN



A. Bohrdt



Universität Regensburg



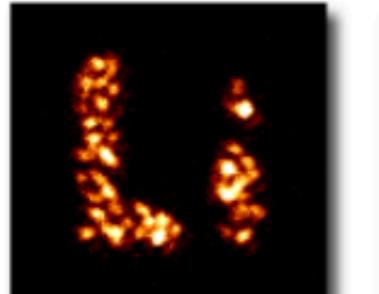
F. Grusdt



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Alexander von Humboldt  
Stiftung/Foundation



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[www.quantum-munich.de](http://www.quantum-munich.de)



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